Khamenei named head of world's Shiites

NICOSIA (AP) — Iran has named its spiritual leader as the supreme head of the world's 100 million Shiite Muslims, a senior Iranian official said in an interview published Tuesday. Ayatollah Mohammad Yazdi, head of the Iranian judiciary, told the English-language Iran News daily that Muslims around the world had chosen Grand Ayatollah Ali Khamenei as their leader. Iranian officials started referring to Mr. Khamenei as a grand ayatollah last week, when Grand Ayatollah Ali Araki, the supreme leader of the sect, died of old age. Traditionally the marja ala, or supreme spiritual leader, of the Shiites has been chosen from the grand ayatollahs, the top ranking clerics in Iran or Iraq by theologians themselves in the leading Shiite seminaries in Qom and the holy city of Najaf in Iraq. There are less than a dozen grand ayatollahs alive. Khamenei, 55, possesses the qualifications of a middleranking cleric, and there has been no official word that he had been promoted to grand ayatollah by Iran's religious establish-



Algerian newspapers strike against kil

TUNIS (R) — Algeria's main newspapers staged a strike Tuesday in protest against murders of journalists by Muslim fundamentalist guerrillas. The strike followed the killing of Said Meldbel, editor of Le Matin, who was shot in the head Sahurday by suspected militants as he ate in a restaurant in Algiers. He was buried on Tuesday in his home town Bejaia. Mr. Mekbel was the 27th journalist to be killed since June 1993 in attacks blamed on Muslim militants, according to the French group Reporters Saas Frontieres (reporters without borders), "The only way left for us to express loyalty to the martyrs of the profession is to keep newspapers distributed," the daily El Moudjahid said Tuesday. Three government-controlled dailies ignored the strike, called by Three government-controlled dailies ignored the strike, called by the Newspapers Editors Association. Eight leading newspapers went on strike for three days in October when two other journalists were shot dead. The government pledged Sunday to tighten security for journalists and plans to house some in guarded

Volume 19 Number 5787

AMMAN WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1994, RAJAB 3, 1415

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

Queen Beatrix arrives on 3-day state visit

AMMAN (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Beatrix of the Netherlands and His Royal Highness Prince Claus arrived here Tuesday on a three-day visit to Jordan at the invitation of Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor. Queen Beatrix and ber husband were accorded a full honour ceremony on arrival at Amman Airport.

Queen Beatrix and Prince Claus were welcomed upon arrival by Their Majesties King Hussein and Queen Noor, in addition to Their Royal Highnesses Prince Mohammad, the personal representative of His Majesty King Hussein, Princess Taghrid, His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, Princess Sarvath, Prince Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, Princess Rania, Prince Talai Ibn Mohammad, Princess Ghida, Prince Ghazi Ibn Mohammad, Princess Sumayyah Al Hassan and several Royal

family members. Also receiving the royal Abdul Salam Majali, Royal Court Chief Sharif Zeid Ben Shaker, speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament, and senior civil and military officials.

beyond that.'

place in our hearts.'

as a commemorative gift.

the Dutch ambassador to Jor-

dan and the honorary consul

Later, Minister of State for

Foreign Affairs Talal Sataan

Al Hassan received his Dutch

counterpart and discussed

with him bilateral relations

particularly in such areas as tourism and economic coop-

eration. The two also discus-

sed preparation made for the

Amman economic conference which will be held next

Mr. Al Hassan briefed the

Dutch foreign minister on the'

dimensions of the Jordanian-

Israeli peace treaty and Jor-

dan's central role in the peace

The guest praised Jordan's

role in the peace process and

voiced his country's interest in broadening scopes of coop-eration with Jordan in va-

On Tuesday evening King Hussein and Queen Noor

hosted a dinner banquet at

Basman Palace in honour of

Oueen Beatrix and Prince

Claus. Both monarchs ex-

changed speeches on the

occasion of the queen's visit

(texts of both speeches on

rious fields.

page 12)

of the Netherlands.

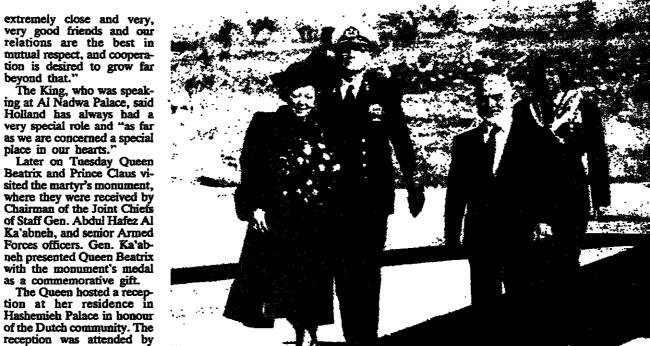
Queen Beatrix and Prince Claus are accompanied by an official delegation, including the foreign minister, the royal court chief and senior Dutch officials.

Just prior to the arrival of the Dutch Royal couple King Hussein expressed hope that Jordan would set a good example for others in the region in the application of demo-

Speaking to a Dutch television crew accompanying the Queen on her visit to Jordan, the King said Jordan applies democracy, exercises political pluralism and respects hu-

He said Jordan was ready to contribute to the cause of democracy in this new era of peace much more than in the

On Dutch-Jordanian relations the King said: "We are



His Majesty King Husseln receives Her Majesty Queen Beatrix of the Netherlands at

King accepts Hindawi's resignation Cabinet change, reshuffle not expected before budget clears Houses of Parliament

wi's decision.

the peace era.

Special to the Jordan Times

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein Tuesday accepted the resignation of Deputy Prime Minister Thougan Hindawi but no reshuffle or change in the Cabinet was expected prior to the ratification of the 1995 fiscal budget that will be debated in Parliament today.

Political analysts expected the veteran politician's withdrawal from the cabinet to weaken the government's position during the parliamentary debate on an already controversial budget.

Although differences be-tween Mr. Hindawi and Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali were well-known, his sudden resignation came as a surprise especially that Mr. Hindawi was personally brought to the Cabinet upon a request by King Hussein. In his resignation letter

Mr. Hindawi cited "lack of achievement and cloudiness' of government policies. Wellinformed analysts, including Parliament members and former ministers, were divided on assessing the motivations behind Mr. Hindawi's res-

While some viewed it as a strong political statement to

Majali to ment's management of the peace era others dismissed it as an attempt to undermine Hindawi: the Cabinet and consequently accelerate the process of its 'I respect departure from the scene.
"It will not work. The Palace has traditionally re-fused to act under pressure," said one critic of Mr. Hinda-

> AMMAN (J.T.) — Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali said Tuesday that he would always cherish his friendship with outgoing Deputy Prime Minister Thougan Hindawi who resigned from the government

Speaking after a Royal Decree was issued approving the resignation of Mr. Hindawi, Dr. Majali said: "I respect Mr. Hindawi and appreciate his views and accept his wish to leave the

Dr. Majali said that Mr. Hindawi had exerted sincere efforts to carry out his duties during his membership in the present government, and he expressed his best wishes to the outgoing deputy prime minis-

Israeli Likud leader Netanyahu pays one-day visit to Jordan

By Ghadeer Taher Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — His Maiesty King Hussein and His Royal mess Crown Prince Hassan held talks Tuesday with Israel's right-wing Likud leader Benjamin Netanyahu during his first visit to the Kingdom on the future of the peace in the region and ways

to support the process.

King Hussein, who received the opposition leader at the Royal Court, said that he and Mr. Netanyahu had not only similar views but identical views on the subjects that were discussed so

The King, who said he hoped the upcoming period will witness work towards supporting the peace process, discussed with the Knesse member the future of the peace process, the interests of both the Jordanian and Israeli people and the region

"There is no opposition to ace in Israel. There is a loyal opposition that loyally supports any genuine peace that Israel has with any Arab country, any Arab party. This is the peace we have with Jordan," Mr. Netanyahu told journalists in answer to a question about the role of the opposition in Israel.

"It is a peace that received the support of almost the entire Israeli parliament... I must say that my visit... has confirmed the sincerity and desire for peace gennine peace, peace of prosperity, peace of security that we have with Jordan. This reflects our policy and continues to reflect our policy," said the Likud leader, who returned back through the King Hussein Bridge after

concluding his one-day visit. The Likud Party has said it backs Israel's peace treaty with Jordan, but a powerful faction of the party had long supported the idea of creating a Palestinian state inside Jordan instead of the West Bank and Gaza occupied by Israel in the 1967 war.

Mr. Netanyahu, who acted as spokesman for the Israeli negotiating team during the first several rounds of talks held in Washington, repeatedly supported this position arguing that the Palestinians already had a state in Jordan since many of Jordan's 4.5 million people are of Palestinian origin.
"As far as we are con-

cerned what is important is that there is a definable Israel today and a definable Jordan and definable not only in terms of borders but in terms of economic parameters, social parameters and legal pa-

CAIRO (AFP) — A new round of Israeli-Palestinian

talks opened here Tuesday

aimed at setting a target date

for the staging of self-rule elections and an Israeli army

redeployment on the West

Palestinians, Israelis



Benjamin Netanyahu

rameters," Crown Prince Hassan said in answer to aquestion about Likud's longheld position that Jordan is

"I think this is a position we have to consolidate," the Crown Prince, who described the talks as an exchange of views rather than negotiations, told journalists accompanying him and Mr. Netanyahu to the Martyrs' Monument in Karameh. Mr. Netanyahu, who laid a wreath at the monument, suggested a joint Israeli-Jordanian monument be erected to mark the soldiers who fell on both sides.

"I could not agree more," Mr. Netanyahu said concurring with the Prince's view.
"There is no question that we in the Likted believe that the integrity of Jordan and of the present government in Jor-dan is in Israel's interest. It is not against our interest but very much in our interest.

Asked if Jordan would .held Israel find an alternative to negotiating with the Palestine Liberation Organisation which the Likud leader still brands as a terrorist group, Prince Hassan said: "I want: to say very clearly that we are fully supportive of the desire of the Palestinian people to further discussions with the government of Israel. We are supportive of institutionbuilding by the Palestinian people, we are supportive of the creation of a stable dialogue between Israel and the

Palestinian people."
"We abhor violence and act against it. We look to the international community as we did as part of the donors conference recently held in Brussels for further convincing evidence of a desire to develop the rights of the Palestinian people and their search for a better quality of life," the Crown Prince

(Continued on page 3)

European summit ends in shambles

His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday evening addresses his

guests, Queen Beatrix and Prince Claus, at a dinner party

the King and Queen Noor hosted for the royal couple at

BUDAPEST (AFP) — A key security summit, billed as a new forum for settling European conflicts, ended in shambles Tuesday when 52 countries failed to agree on. how to deal with the Bosnian conflict, the bloodiest on the old continent since the close of World War II.

Despite intensive consultations, no consensus on a final statement could be found, the conference chairman and summit host, Hungarian President Arpad Goncz, said at the close of the two-day Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe sum-

mit-here. The Bosnian delegate, for his party, delivered a ringing denunciation of the CSCE's ailure to live up to its princi-

"The documents being adopted today eloquently repeat CSCE principles and the commitment of all participating states to them, but the reality is that such professions are not upheld," Mamir Hajiametovic said.

"You repeatedly allowed the Serbs to commit aggression, you allowed the starvation and strangulation of other people. You even allowed the Serbs to make a mockery of the international community," the Bosnian delegate said.

He queried the worth of strengthening the CSCE and its conflict prevention and crisis management mechanisms "when the political will to uphold CSCE principles is

so lacking."
Mr. Hajiametovic said one delegation (Russia) had refused to agree a statement "condemning the aggression against Bihac," a northwestern Bosnian Muslim-held en-

Ex snia had been one of the key issues under discussion at the summit, but both Russia and Bosnia had rejected a compromise statement, Mr.

Yeltsin: U.S. cannot run world

MOSCOW (AFP) - President Boris Yeltsin lashed out at U.S. dominance of world policy on Tuesday, saying that the United States had tried to run the CSCE summit in Budapest. "I hope you clearly understood my words when I said that the destiny of the whole world must not be decided in one capital," he said in a television broadcast, clearly referring to Washington. Mr. Yeltsin said President Bill Clinton had been hoping to turn the two-day Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe (CSCE), which closed in Budapest on Tuesday, into a U.S.-run show. "He wanted to inaugurate and preside over a little summit" marking Ukraine's signing of the nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty. Mr. Yeltsin said on Ostankino television broadcast here. "If that's what he wanted to do, he didn't succeed, therefore he was not at all the victor," Mr. Yeltsin said.

Russia vetoed part of the statement which referred to the Bosnian Serbs as "aggressors" in the Muslim-held enclave of Bihac in northwest-

Bosnia rejected a ceasefire call because summiteers had rejected the reference to Serb. aggressors.'

German Chancellor Helmut Kohi and other speakers, including the U.S. delegate, regretted that a ceasefire had not been agreed to.

Mr. Kohl said he feared reaction back home if young Germans thought the summit had got bogged down, and stressed that winter was setting in and hunger threatened people in the war zones.

Russia was also the centre of other major differences at the Budapest summit, with President Boris Yeltsin opposing the United States on possible expansion of the NATO military alliance to the Russian border.

The Yeltsin government had been seeking increased CSCE intervention and peacekeeping powers to restore its great-power "sphere of influence," analysts said.

But Russia accepted a compromise deal for sending. a CSCE force to the disputed Nagorno-Karabakh enclave in Azerbaijan, an ex-Soviet republic to which it wanted to

send its own troops.

Russia was accorded cochairmanship of the ninecountry group tasked with preventing resurgence of fighting over the Armenianpopulated territory.

"We are determined to give a new political impetus to the CSCE, thus enabling it to play an essential role in meeting the challenges of the 21st century," a document adopted by the CSCE summit

U.N. Secretary General Boutros Ghali had urged the .summit Monday to issue a call for negotiations in Bosnia as the only solution.

U.S. President Bill Clinton, Chancellor Helmut Kohl and British Prime Minister John Major also called in Budapest on the Bosnian Serbs to stop fighting and accept negotiations based on the "contact group" plan.

The plan sponsored by Britain, France, Germany, Russia and the United States calls for division of Bosnia-Herzegovina — 49 per cent for Serbs and 51 per cent for a federation of Bosnian Muslims and Croats.

The Serb forces which currently hold some 70 per cent of the war-ravaged former Yugoslav republic have re-

your views and wishes?

But various accounts of what happened at the last Cabinet meeting attended by the former deputy minister suggest that even if Mr. Hindawi was indeed trying to weaken the government there were significant differences over how to manage

According to one account, Mr. Hindawi has not been pleased with the govern-ment's performance since the first day he was included in it as part of a major reshuffle on June 8, but it was his expressed reservations about

the government's efforts to ensure financial aid to Jordan that prompted him to leave. During a Cabinet meeting he attended the Saturday before last, one well-placed source said, Mr. Hindawi reacted negatively when the

(Continued on page 7) **Egypt dismisses reports of** 'mysterious' deaths in Jordan, Iraq

CAIRO (R) - Egyptian ministers dismissed on Tuesday local press reports that unusual numbers of Egyptian workers in Iraq and Jordan were dying violent deaths. For several weeks Egyp-

tians were coming home in coffins with injuries that did not match the stated cause of death.

The reports were reminiscent of those during the crisis of 1989, when tens of thousands of Egyptians left Iraq because of reports that Iraqis discharged from the army and desperate for jobs were beating and killing. other Egyptian workers.

But Manpower and Employment Minister Ahmad Al Amawi told a parliamentary committee that there was no evidence of a systematic persecution of Egyptians in

Arab countries or of death The reports in the newspapsquads set up to attack them. Mustafa Abdul Aziz, assistant foreign minister for emigration affairs, told the committee that in the first 11 months of this year 151

Egyptians had died in Jordan He gave a breakdown of the causes of death in all the cases, except for 32 in Iraq for which he said the cause

Out of the 272 Egyptians, 178 died of natural causes and 48 from traffic or work accidents. Twelve were executed - five in Jordan and seven in Iraq — and two were murdered in personal or

and 121 in Iraq.

was unknown.

family disputes, he said. "These rates are no more than one would except, given the size of the expatriate population in these countries

ers contained much unjustified exaggeration."

Egyptians in Jordan and at least 200,000 in Iraq, though the figures for Iraq are not

He said there were 300,000

The negotiations were being held against a background of growing concern by the Israeli military over the security implications of any pullback on the West Bank, home to 120,000 Jewish settlers and more than a

PLO chief negotiator Nabil Shaath said the negotiators would try to set a "target date" as soon as possible for the elections and redeployment, adding "we are ready

million Palestinians.

hold crucial talks to negotiate every necessary measure to maintain security in the West Bank as well as

One committee was discussing the elections and the other the army withdrawal. "This morning the two sides discussed how to organise the negotiations. Detailed talks began this afternoon in the two committees," an Israeli delegate said on condition his name not be used.

Israeli army chiefs have warned that a redeployment on the occupied West Bank. which should take place by the eve of the elections in line with the 1993 autonomy agreement, will only multiply the flashpoints with the Palestinians.





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The Church of Jesus Christ of Latter-Day Salust Tel. 654932
Church of Nazarene Tel. 654932
The Evangelical Local Church in Amman

WEATHER

Tcl. 811295

Bulletin supplied by the Department of Meteorology.

Temperatures will continue to rise with clouds building up and winds becoming southeasterly light to moderate. In Aqaba, moderate weather conditions will prevail with winds northerly moderate and seas

Min./Max. temp. Aqaba 0/12
Aqaba 10 /22
Deserts -1 / 13
Jordan Valley

readings: Amman 59 per cent. Aqaba 47 per cent.

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Food Control Centre 637[11 Civil Defence Department 661111 Civil Defence Immediate ., 775121 ., 843402 ., 896390 ... 630321

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Public Security Department
Hotel Complaints
Price Complaints
Water and Sewerage
Complaints
Amman Municipality
Complaints
Telephone Information
(directory sessionee) 897467 787111 .. 010230 773111 774111

815615 Electric Power

HOSPITALS

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity. J. Ama 644281/6 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. 642441/2

Jabal Amman Maternity ... 642441/2
Maihas, J. Amman ... 636140
Palestine. Shmeisani ... 664171/4
Shmeisani Hospital ... 669131
University Hospital ... 845845
Al-Muasher Hospital ... 667227/9
The Islamic. Abdali ... 666127/37
Al-Ahli, Abdali ... 664164/6
[talian, Al-Muhajreen ... 777101/3
Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh ... 775111/26
Army. Marka ... 891611/15
Queen Alia Hospital ... 6672240/50 Queen Alia Hospital 602240/50

ZARQA: Zarqa Govt. Hospital (09)983323 Zarqa National Hospital Princess Basma Hospital (02)275555 Greek Catholic Hospital (02)27275 Iba Al Nafees Hospital (02)277100

Princess Haya Hospital (03)314111

Brussels, Paris (RJ) .. Frankfurt, Vicena (RJ) 18:10 Toronto, Montreal (RJ) 18:35 ., 00:20 Singapore, Kuala Lumpur (RJ)

ARRIVALS

89;05

..... Madrid, Geneva (RJ) ----- Rome (RJ) Beirut (RJ) . Cairo (RJ)

FOR THE TRAVELLER

QUEEN ALIA

INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

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5. where it should always be verified.

Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

98:55 Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ)

15:00 Amsterdam, New York (RJ)

.. Larnaca (RJ)

... London (RJ)

Istanbul (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2) 09:35 . 10:25 .

10:30 10:30 10:45 12:35 14:20 Algiers (AH) 14:35 ... Karachi, Abu Dhabi (PK) ----- Beirut (ME) Athens (OA)
Amsterdam (KL)

DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights (Terminal 1)

Carrot 320/200
Cauliflower 350/ 200
Clamentine 280/ 180
Clamentine 280/ 180
Cucumbers (large) 220 / 160
Cucumbers (small) 480 / 300
Eggplant 280/ 180
Garlic 550/400
Grape Fruit 580/ 180 ... Beirut (RJ) 19:40 Aqaba, Cairo (RJ)
20:08 Riyadh (RJ)
20:45 New Delhi (RJ)
21:25 Calcutta, Bangkok (RJ)
22:30 Sanaa, Aden (RJ) Grape Fruit . 280 / 180 320 / 220 Lemon
Marrow (large)
Marrow (small)
Onion (green)
Onion (dry) Other Flights (Terminal 2) 200 / 150 450 / 300 340/ 200 420 / 300 Beirut (ME) ... Cairo (MS) Larnaca (CY) Orion (dry)
Orange
Pepper (hot)
Pepper (sweet) 420 / 300 430 / 240 340/ 240 200 / 45 320/ 200 Yemen (IY) Jeddah (SV) Rome (AZ) Abu Dhabi (GF)
Sharqah (AH)

550/ 300

41

er.



Tuesday awards certificates to women by Ministry of Tourism Secretary General from Madaba who completed a two- Ghassan Mufleh (Petra photo) month course on the importance of tour-

Her Royal Highness Princess Basma ism. Princess Basma is accompanied here

Princess Basma awards graduates of tourism awareness course

MADABA (Petra) — Her Royal Highness Princess Bas-ma Tuesday attended the graduation ceremony of a Friends of Tourism course organised by the Madaba Tourism Activation Office on the occasion of His Majesty

King Hussein's birthday. Madaba Governor Abdul Qader Habahbeh delivered an address in which he stressed that Jordan should always be prepared to deal with developments and changes. namely in the tourism sector.

Secretary General of the Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities Ghassan Mufleh said in another address that Jordan cares about expanding its various tourism activiThe Kingdom, Dr. Mufleh said, is working to spread public awareness of tourism through a campaign of distributing brochures, organising lectures, holding film and slide shows and promoting tourist attractions in the local market and abroad.

Director of the Madaba Tourism Activation Office Ghaleb Masarweh lauded Princess Basma's role in supporting voluntary and social societies, saying the course was organised by his office to spread awareness of the importance of tourism in the

Madaba governorate. Mr. Masarweh also praised His Majesty King Hussein's

role in supporting the tourism sector, which he described as one of the main pillars of the Jordanian economy.

At the end of the ceremony, Princess Basma distributed diplomas to the 55 women graduates, representing charity societies and the General Federation of Jordanian Women (GFJW) and awards to the excelling ones.

The participants in the two-month course were given lectures and practical training on dealing with tourists, protecting the environment, maintaining archaeological sites and ways to spread public awareness of the importance of tourism.

HOME NEWS IN BRIEF

King congratulates Nepal, **Ivory Coast and Finland**

AMMAN (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein Tuesday sent two cables to King Bhumi- exhibition bol Aduladej of Nepal and President Felix

good health and happiness and the Finnish people further progress and prosperity.

Princess Basma opens QAF

Houphouet Boigny of the Ivory Coast congra- AMMAN (Petra) — Her Royal Highness tulating them on their national days and Princess Basma Tuesday opened the annual wishing them continued good health and exhibition of the Queen Alia Fund for Social happiness and their respective peoples further Development (QAF) which displays handprogress and prosperity. The King also sent a icrafts and rugs produced by QAF's income similar cable to President Mauma Kousster of generating projects aiming to provide job Finland congratulating him on his community, opportunities to the incomes of needy families.



HERITAGE THROUGH CERAMICS: Her Shaker at Abaad Art Gallery. The two-Royal Highness Princess Rania Abdullah week exhibition includes ceramics and Tuesday opens an exhibition of ceramic murals depicting Arab heritage themes in art works by Iraqi artist Akram Naji modern techniques (Petra photo)

Majali discusses peace process with visiting American Near East interest group

AMMAN (J.T.) — A delegation from the Washington Institute for Near East Policy. headed by its president, Robert Satloff, Tuesday met Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali and expressed their support for Jordan's pivotal role in the peace making pro-

The group which includes former U.S. Secretary of State Joseph Sisco among other prominent Americans. lauded His Majesty King Hussein's role in the peace treaty with Israel describing the treaty as creating a good opportunity for progress in the region.

Mr. Satloff said his group, which is on a tour of Jordan, Israel and Syria to discuss the peace process, would pursue efforts to enhance the process through various institutions in the United States as well as political forums.

Dr. 'Majali voiced Jordan's hope that the United States achieve a comprehensive ment.

peace and back efforts to restore political stability and security to the region.

The American visitors had earlier met Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA) Chairman Hamdi Tabbaa and association members, who called on the United States to back Jordan's development process through increased American aid

and further investments in the Kingdom. Mr. Satloff told Mr. Tab-

baa that Washington was fully behind the peace process and totally committed to ensuring its sustainability and helping Jordan attain its

manded that the United States write off all Jordan's debts to Washington and that the American administration provide annual financial aid to the Kingdom to help Jordan overcome problems such would pursue efforts to help as poverty and unemploy-



Prime Minister Abdul Salam Majali re- Institute for Near East Policy, headed by views the Middle East peace process with a visiting delegation of the Washington

Robert Satloff (Petra photo)

British firm to overhaul canal for JD 9.6m

Abduliah Canal irrigates

more than 80 per cent of the farm lands in the Jordan Val-

ley totalling 270,000 dunums. He said the 30-year-old

canal required extensive

maintenance which is not

available through the JVA,

hence the contract for over-

AMMAN (J.T.) — The the Jordanian government Ministry of Water and Irrigation Tuesday awarded a JD 9.6 million contract to the British firm, George Wimpey, to conduct an overhaul of the King Abdullah Canal in the Jordan Valley starting early next year.

The contract, signed by Water and Irrigation Minister Saleh Irsheidat, entails lining the canal, replacing parts of the old installations, improving the condition of roads leading to the canal siphons.

After completion of the project, expected in 30 months from the start of work, the canal's perform-ance should improve by 10 per cent, and at least 24 million cubic metres of water, which currently is lost to under-ground leaking, is expected to be saved, according to Jordan Valley Authority (JVA) Secretary General Hashem Shboul who was pre-

hauling the entire canal. The announcement followed Monday's signing of a contract between the Ministry of Water and Irrigation and an Italian firm to raise the walls of the Kafrein Dam

seven metres in order to boost its storage capacity from 4.8 mcm to 7.1 mcm. The water minister, who signed the deal, said in a sent at the signing ceremony, is statement, that the contract
Mr. Tabboul said that the searched to Salini Atalstrada
project would be imanced by provided for the completion of

the project in 20 months. The project will be fi-nanced by the Jordanian Treasury and a loan from the and a loan from the European Investment Bank On Monday Mr. Shboul signed a JD 500,000 contract with a consultancy firm to supervise the implementation

European Investment Bank, added the minister. The project also entails of the project and noted in a statement that the King measures to stop the leakage of water from the reservoir, a study of the sediments accumulating at the bottom and means of reducing them, said the minister.

Since its construction in 1968, the Kafrein Dam's storage capacity has been on the decline and currently stands at 2.5 mcm, down from an original of 4.8 mcm as a result of residues at the reservoir's bottom, explained Mr. Irsheidat.

The project aims at raising the dam's walls to a height of 37 metres, thus raising its rain water storage capacity for irrigation.

Nearly 75 per cent of the 16,000 dunums of farmlands near the Kafrein Dam depend on its waters for irrigation, especially during the

Jordan stresses need to join **World Trade Organisation**

European headquarters in Geneva, Sharif Fawwaz Sharaf, Tuesday stressed the need for Jordan to join the new World Trade Organisation (WTO) which will be founded on Jan. 1.

Sharif Fawwaz Sharaf

In an interview with the Jordan News Agency, Petra, Sharif Sharaf said the new organisation will be the third major pillar of the world economy, after World Bank and International Monetary Fund

He noted that large, medium and small-size countries are competing to find a foothold for themselves in the new international trade order, which has emerged in the aftermath of six-years of lengthy discussions in Uru-

Sharif Sharaf said however, that though the new ecc-nomic order is not an ideal of fair one, particularly for the developing world if measured by the "right and wrong mea-

However, he said, it is a

GENEVA (Petra) - Jor- trade order that no state can dan's permanent representa- afford to oppose or choose to tive to the United Nations stay outside of, because that would lead to further econo-

mic isolation. Sharif Sharaf noted that Jordan's democratic march and political pluralism have not been matched by any significant breakthroughs in the economic field.i.

He added that Jordan is passing through a new economic era that will be shaped by new economic policies that include market economy, economic freedoms, and the weakening of government's role in running the economy, in addition to the lifting of economic and trade

Asked about the fate of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade (GATT), Sharif Sharaf said GATT will 'dwindle by the end of this ear, when the new World Trade Organisation will be established

He noted that a limited number of the very poor countries who cannot join the new organisation will continue to be on the GATT membership roster.

Jordan Times Tel: 667171

House panel drafts statement to OIC summit conference

AMMAN (Petra) - The Foreign Affairs Committee at the Lower House of Parliament Tuesday met under its chairman, Deputy Abdul Karim Kabariti and discussed its work plans.

Mr. Kabariti said the committee has drawn the main features of its statement to the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) summit which will be held in Morocco pext year, noting that he was entrusted with drafting the statement.

Mr. Kabariti said he voiced his support for presenting a proposal to the summit on launching an Islamic parliamentary dialogue to run on parallel lines with the official

dialogue among Islamic states to deal with attacks on Islam and to condemn violence and extremism threatening world stability.

In another development, the chairman and members of the Lower House Palestinian and the Occupied Arab Lands Committee Tuesday visited the Jerash governorate where they were re-ceived by Jerash Governor Abdul Ghani Abdullat who briefed them on services offered to the Jerash and

Souf refugee camps. The committee members visited the Jerash camp and were briefed by chairman of the camp's committee on improving public services, Huscamp's needs and problems. The committee also visited the Souf camp and was familiarised with the refugees' needs and demands.

Meanwhile, the Upper House Judiciary Committee Tuesday recommended that the House reject amendments to the 1994 laws on public administration and social organisations.

Committee Chairman Senator Jawdat Suboul said the committee, on the other hand, has recommended that the House approve two draft laws on court cases involving the government and Royal Jordanian (RJ), the national carrier, as they were passed by sein Abu Sousein, on the the Lower House.

Slovakian trade minister ends visit

AMMAN (J.T.) — Slovakian Minister of Economy and Trade Peter Mafvafi Tuesday concluded a several day visit to Jordan by holding talks with the Jordanian Businessmen's Association (JBA) Chairman Hamdi Tabbaa and association members on prospects of trade between the Slovak Republic and Jor-

In outlining the JBA role in stimulating the Jordanian economy, Mr. Tabbaa said

that having a central geographical location, Jordan can play a key role in Middle East trade especially in the peace era and can promote its trade with countries in eastern as well as western Europe.

Mr. Mafvafi spoke about his country's economic transformation into the free market economy, saying that 33,000 industrial firms have been converted into private sector concerns accounting for 94 per cent of the total industry in the country.

Mr. Tabbaa called for the creation of a Jordanian-Slovakian business council to oversee promotion of trade exchanges and joint investment projects.

Mr. Mafvafi, who held talks with Jordanian officials and the business community and toured industrial centres over the past three days, left for home Tuesday.

WHAT'S GOING ON

FILM

☆ Film entitled "First Among Equals" (Part I) at the British Council at 7:00 p.m.

CHOIR CONCERT Choir concert at the Royal Cultural Centre at 8:00 p.m.

LECTURE. Lecture (in Arabic) entitled "The Arab Economy in the

Peace Era" by Dr. Samir Magdisi of Lebanon at Abdul

Hameed Shoman Foundation at 6:00 p.m. **EXHIBITIONS**

Exhibition of oil paintings by Salman Abbas at Alia Art Gallery.

Exhibition of abstract by several artists at the Phoenix Gallery for Culture and Art.

Exhibition of paintings by Ismail and Tamam Shammout at Abdul Hameed Shoman Foundation. Exhibition of Muna Saudi's private collection of contem-

porary arts and Jordanian antiques at Abdoun Village. Exhibition of paintings by Sadik Kwaish at the French Cultural Centre. Exhibition by Akram Naji Shaker at Ab'aad Art Gallery.

Exhibition of paintings by Dr. Ali Al Ghoul at the Italian Language Centre (Tel. 669348). Exhibition by artists Lattif Al Khateeb and Muhy Khaleefa at the Housing Bank Gallery.

Netanyahu visit

Earlier the King said that Jordan was following the situation in Gaza with concern and "our message is, as it has always been, and that is we hope that our brethren remain united and hope that they will manage to (over-come this obstacle) and there should be a change in the quality of life."

Commenting on the visit by Mr. Netanyahu, observers said that Jordan was keen on maintaining good relations with all the Israeli parties, especially that the Likud may

take over government in the next election. According to an opinion poll released Tuesday in Israel, Mr. Netanyahu would

edge out Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin if elections were held today. The opposition leader would garner 44 per cent support compared to Mr. Rabin's 42 per cent, the Dahaf Poll Institute found. The next Israeli prime minis-

ter is due to be elected direct-

ly for the first time in general elections scheduled for

November 1996.

The German Speaking Ladies CHRISTMAS BAZAAR supported by Lufthansa

will be on Friday 9 th Dec. 1994 from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. at the Amman Marriott Hotel. Entry fee 1 JD, Children free



WELCOMES JORDAN'S DISTINGUISHED **GUESTS**



HER MAJESTY QUEEN BEATRIX OF THE NETHERLANDS AND HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS PRINCE CLAUS. **GUESTS OF**

HIS MAJESTY KING HUSSEIN

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Lloyd Webber

operation

has oesophagus

LONDON (R) - British

composer Sir Andrew Llove Webber has been taken to

hospital suffering from en-oesophagus complaint, his

spokesman said. The 46-year-

old composer was admitted

to hospital last Friday after

returning from New York where his latest musical. Sun-

set Boulevard starring Glenn

Close, opened to rave re-views. Lloyd Webber, whose

other blockbuster musical

hits include Cats and Phan-

tom Of The Opera, has to

remain in hospital on an in-

travenous drip but is set to

recover within several weeks.

He is suffering from acute ulcerative oesophagitis

apparently caused by treat-

ment of another illness which

has been recurring intermit-

tently over the last few years.

He said in a statement: "I

have been fighting the fact

that I have been feeling pret-

ty grim for the last few weeks

but I feel much better now. It-

is just the case of sitting

around with a tube in my arm

until I can have my first consomme." Asking for the

media not to bombard him

and his wife Madeleine with

queries, he said: "I am told

this is something only time

and nature can heal, there

really is nothing I can add."

MIAMI (R) — Pop singer

Gloria Estefan gave birth to her second child, and hus-

band Emilio witnessed the

delivery and cut the newborn's umbilical cord, hospit-al officials said. The couple

named their new daughter

Emily Marie, who weighed in

at 6 pounds, 14 ounces (3.1

kg). "We had to help him

(Émilio Estefan) out for a

few seconds there because he

almost fainted. He was able

to come back and cut the

baby's cord," said Dr. Nidia

Iglesias, the obstetrician who

delivered the child. The baby

girl was delivered by Caesa-

rean section. Estefan immig-

ranted to Miami as a child,

and is one of the city's most

well-known Cuban exiles.

Estefan, who sings in both

English and Spanish, is one

of Latin America's biggest

recording stars. Her hits include Conga, Rhythm Is

For You. Always Tomorrow,

and Coming Out Of The

Miss Saigon

to overtake My

Gonina Get You. Anything -

It's a girl for

Gloria Estefan

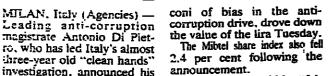
Milan graft-buster resigns

Leading anti-corruption magistrate Antonio Di Piet-10, who has led Italy's almost three-year old "clean hands" investigation, announced his resignation Tuesday saying he was leaving the judiciary.

The prosecutor's office in the northern city did not say whether the resignation of the popular judge had been accepted.

"I am giving up as a magis-trate with a heavy heart, and with no prospects for my future," Mr. Di Pietro said in a statement read by a RAI Television journalist outside the Milan courthouse.

Reports that his resignation was imminent, because of accusations by suporters of Prime Minister Silvio Berlus-



Mr. Di Pietro said he "felt used" in the conflict that had broken out between the judges and Mr. Berlusconi's right-wing coalition government.

The statement said he was quitting "to depersonalise the Mani Pulite (clean hands) investigation," referring to 'distortions which fed conflict in the country.'

Earlier Tuesday newspapers carried banner headlines saying that the man credited with doing more than any other to topple the country's graft-tainted political old

> by the Ferruzzi group for political favours. The head of the Milan team, Chief Prosecutor Francesco Saverio Borrelli, was equally tightlipped, sending his assistants to tell journal-

spected Milan daily Corriere

But the magistrate refused

He brusquely waved away journalists who tried to

approach him as he headed

for the Milan court house

where Italy's Enimont trial,

the so-called mother of all

corruption trials," was near-

"Leave me in peace," re-plied an angry Di Pietro. He

is prosecuting in the case, involving millions of dollars

of bribes allegedly paid out

Della Sera.

all comment.

ing its end.

ists to "wait and see." Relations with the government of Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi, who is himself under investigation in a graft probe, have long been tense.

The centre-right govern-ment was forced into a humiliating about-turn in July, just two months after taking office, when Milan magistrates, including Mr. Di Pierre threatened to major pure ro, threatened to resign over a proposed law that would have limited their powers to arrest graft suspects.

guard was considering leav-ing the "clean hands" (mani Rumours had been rife for pulite) team, wearied by conwanted to leave the prosecuting team after three gruelling tinued clashes with the govyears at the forefront of in-"Di Pietro on the brink of resignation," ran the front page headline in the revestigations into Italian corruption.

One of Mr. Berlusconi's television channels even interrupted its main news programme last Friday night to read out an "anonymous" tip that the hugely popular magistrate had written a let-

ter of resignation. But the talk surged afresh after the clean hands magistrates held a late-night meet-ing Monday at Milan's Palace of Justice.

The reports of a possible imminent resignation pushed share prices down on the Milan Bourse where investors were already on alert over signs of a deepening rift between Mr. Berlusconi and his government allies in the federalist Northern League.

Clashes between the government and the magistrates have intensified as the graft inquiries have increasingly focused on the billionaire prime minister's Fininvest media empire.

Mr. Berlusconi, whose brother Paolo is already a defendant in two other graft trials, has been summoned by magistrates for questioning in connection with allegations that Fininvest bribed tax police in return for lenient audits of company books.

The prime minister has But the clashes over the fiercely attacked the judicial have done nothing to dent probe into his business

Milan prosecutor Antonio Di Pietro gestures while standing behind one of several computer screens during his final plea to the court in the

Enimont trial, in Milan, the most spectacular one to date in Italy's long-running "clean hands" corruption case (AFP photo)

empire, calling it politicallyinspired.

Milan's magistrates have in turn reacted angrily to a deci-sion by the Justice Ministry to investigate their methods after complaints from some defendants that they had abused their powers, includ-ing the use of pre-trial cus-

A team of ministrvappointed inspectors last week wound up several days questioning leading members of the anti-graft team, includ-ing Mr. Di Pietro, and examining documents.

Milan magistrature appear to

their massive popularity. According to an opinion poll published in the La Voce newspaper Tuesday, 74 per cent of those questioned said they backed the magistrates in any showdown with the

Mr. Di Pietro asked a court Tuesday to sentence Northern League leader Umberto Bossi to 10 months in jail for accepting illegal funds for his political campaigns. Mr. Di Pietro asked for a

similar sentence for former League Treasurer Alessandro Patelli.

Mr. Bossi and Mr. Patelli, who are among 24 defendants in the so-called Enimont

case, have denied any wrongdoing over the allegedly illegal funding from the Ferruzzi foods-to-chemicals group.

Mr. Di Pietro also asked that both men be fined 10 million lire (\$6,250) for accepting 200 million lire (\$125,000) in undeclared contributions for the 1992 elec-

tion campaign.
According to the prosecution, the Ferruzzi group dis-tributed millions of dollars to political parties and their leaders, some of which was intended to help extricate and group from a disastrous chemicals joint venture -Enimont SPA — with state energy group ENI.

Ruling SWAPO tipped to win Namibia elections

seats.

Italian Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi gestures as he

speaks during a press conference in the Budapest Hilton Hotel (AFP photo)

WINDHOEK (R) — Nami-bians go to the polls Wednesday for the first time since independence elections in 1990 and SWAPO, the former guerrilla group turned ruling party, is tipped to wina big victory.

Political analysts said the opposition was in disarray and had failed to unite in the four years since South African rule ended over the vast but largely empty desert

SWAPO, which fought the South African Army for 23 years, is looking to secure the majority required for it to write a new constitution gione.

President Sam Nujoma is restricted from seeking a third term under the current charter negotiated with opposition parties after the 1990 election.

Mr. Nujoma recently told supporters: "We must go for more than two-thirds majority. Our slogan from now is 72 seats, all for SWAPO."

SWAPO (the initials stood

seats. The main opposition Democratic Turnhalle Alliance (DTA) holds 21

Namibian is about twice the size of France but has an electorate of about 700,000 people. It is bounded by the Namib Desert and the Atlantic Ocean to the west and the Kalahari Desert to the east.

Polis open at 7 a.m. (0500 GMT) and close at 9 p.m. (1900 GMT) over Wednesday and Thursday. Results are expected by Saturday.

In an interview with Reuters. Mr. Nujoma said he and his colleagues would definitely change parts of the constitution.

the constitution which favour opposition parties and we might want to get rid of those," he said.

Political analysts say the Democratic Turnhalle Alliance, which helped run Namibia during apartheid South Africa's colonial rule, had since independence produced no alternative policies nor shown any fighting spirit.

3 strong quake aftershocks jolt **California**

LOS ANGELES (R) -Three strong aftershocks from the devastating Jan. 17 northridge earthquake jolted southern California Monday night, sowing panic in movie theatres and shopping malls but causing no damage or

injuries. The largest of the aftershocks, measuring 4.5 on the Richter Scale, was the most powerful in eight months from the magnitude-6.8 northridge quake, which killed 60 people, buckled free-\$20 billion in damage, seis-

mologists said. The quakes, which struck within minutes of each other, shook tall buildings, knocked items off shelves and rattled the nerves of residents who had thought the ground beneath their feet had finally

stopped shaking. The first quake, measuring 3.5, hit at 7:36 p.m. pst (3:35 GMT Tuesday) three miles east-northeast of San Fernando, a small town that lies about 20 miles northwest of Los Angeles and only a few miles from the origin of the Northridge quake, according to seismologists at the Cali-fornia Institute of Technolo-

gy.
The second aftershock came at 7:48 p.m. pst (10:48 p.m. est) in almost the exact same spot in the sprawling, densely populated San Fer-nando Valley, the area har-dest hit by the January quake.

A minute later, the strongest of the three quakes struck just a short distance

Irish elections loom as bid for new government fails

DUBLIN (AFP) — Efforts to form a new government in the Irish Republic foundered Tuesday and the prospect of general elections loomed large after fresh revelations in the scandal that toppled Albert Reynolds three weeks

Hopes that parliament would approve a new Labour-Fianna Fail coalition late in the day were dashed when Labour leader Dick Spring, the outgoing foreign minister, stormed out of overnight talks with Bertie Ahern, Fianna Fail leader and acting finance minister.

And Mr. Ahern, who replaced Mr. Reynolds as party boss, said later he saw no chance of forming a new government with Labour, adding that there was no prospect of "rescuing" his talks with Mr.

Political sources said Mr.

Spring immediately began talking with opposition parties, raising the possibility a coalition might still be formed without Fianna Fail to avert elections that would otherwise take place early next year.

Mr. Spring was said to have bolted after fresh revelations concerning Mr. Reynolds's controversial appointment of Hary Whelehan as president of the High Court appeared to implicate other Fianna Fail ministers.

Labour had withdrawn from Mr. Reynolds' government in protest because Judge Wheleban, as attorney general, had delayed seven months in extraditing a pedophile priest to Northern Ireland, where he was convicted and jailed for sexually

abusing children. Mr. Reynolds at first back-

ing his government, he told parliament Judge Whelehan had misled him over the handling of the priest's case, and he apologised. But Mr. Spring refused to return to the cabinet, forcing

ed Judge Whelehan. But when it grew evident that the

appointment was endanger-

Mr. Reynolds to resign, and Judge Whelehan quit hours But according to a report in the Irish Times, Mr.

Reynolds had asked Judge Whelehan to step down from the High Court post early in the controversy, and when Judge Whelehan refused to go, Mr. Reynolds went on to publicly endorse him. Labour reportedly sees the latest twist as implicating

other members of the Reynolds cabinet. Mr. Ahern refused to be only, "I have done nothing wrong and have nothing to Mr. Spring was reported to be dissatisfied with a report

drawn on the reports, saying

on the claims from current Attorney General Eoghan Fitzsimons which was given to Mr. Reynolds Monday in Budapest where as caretaker prime minister he was attending a European security con-

The report was relayed to Mr. Ahern, but only parts of it were passed on to Mr. Spring, according to the re-

Former Minister Michael Noonan, a senior member of the largest opposition group, Fine Gael, said the Fianna Fail ministers had "collectively or individually misled parliament and as a consequence are no longer suitable for government.

U.S. Democrats issue counterplan to Republicans

WASHINGTON (Agencies)
— Centrist Democrats came out swinging Monday, launching their agenda for the next two years to counter the plan which catapulted the Republicans into the major-

ity last month. We are alerting the Republicans that we are ready to engage them in hand-tohand combat for every inch of ground on the battlefield of ideas," said Al From, president of the Democratic

Leadership Council (DLC). But the 10-point plan issued by the DLC, the group President Bill Clinton headed before his White House bid, matches several aspects of the Republican House members' "Contract for Amer-

Both call for social spending cuts and overhauling the housing and job training and gas industries, programmes. The DLC, ness and aerospace.

however, said its plan was more progressive and did not call for the kinds of sanctions against the poor that the Re-

publicans envisioned. The Republicans have pledged to balance the budget while boosting military spending and cutting taxes. They have also called for putting welfare children in orphanages and cutting housing subsidies for the

The DLC's plan is likely to come under fire from the Democratic National Committee executive body, Congress and the White House

The DLC argues that Democrats should challenge the Republican promise to balance the budget by prop-osing cuts of at least 75 billion in federal subsidies for oil and gas industries, agribusiBut congressional Demo-crats are likely at cuts in sectors which have such

powerful lobbying groups.
The DLC has also suggested raising the eligibility age for Social Security and Medicare and cutting off the wealthier recipients to balance the budget, but Mr. Clinton has vowed not to touch entitlements.

The plan of attack comes as Democrats are grappling with their stunning defeat in the Nov. 8 midterm elections which gave Republicans con-trol of the House and the Senate for the first time in 40 vears.

Party leaders are anxiously searching for direction which will lead them to a comeback

Mr. From conceded that he may have trouble pushing the plan to other Democrats but said their defeat last month may prompt some to rethink their positions.

Meanwhile, Newt Ging-rich, chosen by Republicans Monday to be speaker of the House of Representatives, invoked Ronald Reagan. Franklin Roosevelt and Winston Churchill as he called for the remaking of American

The Georgia congressman, credited with paving the way for the November's election of the first Republican House in 40 years, was greeted by the chant of "Newt, Newt, Newt" after his nomination was approved by a thunderous "aye" during Republican leadership elections.

His formal accession to the nation's third-highest elective office will take place following election by the full House when Congress convenes on

Fair Lady

LONDON (R) - The Vietnam War musical Miss Saigon is set to topple the elegant My Fair Lady as the longest-running production at one of London's most famous threatres. The elegant Lerner and Loewe musical My fair Lady, that helped turn Rex Harrison and Julie Andrews into stars. ran for 2,281 performances at the Theatre Royal, Drury Lane. Miss Saigon is to top that figure on Dec. 19 and producer Cameron Mackintosh said he plans a late night performance of excerpts from My Fair Lady sung by Miss Saigon stars Jonathan Pryce and Lea Salonga. That will mean a long night for Pryce. who will be appearing earlier in the evening as the star of Oliver, the hit musical based on Charles Dickens' novel which is being revived in London later this week.

Bolshoi artistes cross with Yeltsin 🐕

MOSCOW (AFP) - The

artistes of the prestigious Bolshoi Ballet are in open revolt against a decree by Russian President Boris Yeltsin which they complain is a bid to impose outside management on them. Singers and dancers have threatened a strike for Thursday, hours before the curtain goes up on Giselle. The last strike was in 1989 and delayed the start of another ballet which then Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev had come to see. The Moscow theatre has been riven for years by internal rivalries. Mr. Yeltsin aggravated matters a couple of months ago by decreeing that the Bolshoi should have a collegial management of 15 persons. They would include the government's culture minister, the theatre's general manager and leading lights in the Russian artistic world, It would be up to them to appoint the artistic and musical directors and the chief set designer. About 1,000 artistes, half the Bolshoi's personnel, spent two days last week discussing the issue in the fabled setting of the auditorium with its winered plush velvet and gilt

As parties struggle, reform movement stumbles in Japan TOKYO (AP) — The New Frontier leader illustrates Government Party ended its murky conflicts abroad. how little Japanese politics 30-year history but, in a sign Soon reform stumbled,

Frontier Party would like voters to believe it offers a fresh alternative to Prime Minister Tomiichi Murayama's coali-

But voters aren't convinced and it's not hard to see

why.
The New Frontier Party, a union of nine opposition groups that will be formally launched Saturday, has spent the past week in a frenzy of old-style backroom manoeuvring to choose a leader. The top candidates seem to be former Prime Minister

Toshiki Kaifu or Tsutomu Hata, another ex-prime minister. To your ger party legislators, it's a not like oldstyle politics. where preserving face counted most and debate on issues barely counted at all.

"I think this is ridiculous," said Shigeru Ishiba, a 37year-old New Frontier legislators to vote between Mr. Kaifu and Mr. Hata. "It's important to have a debate and then have each person decide with his vote who's best for the job." The selection of the New

has advanced since the upheaval 18 months ago when voters toppied the Liberal Demoorats from power for the first time since 1955.

After 10 months, the Liberal Democrats regained power in a coalition with Prime Minister Murayama's Socialists, now many analysts say the 70-year-ld prime minister is less than eager to reform Japan's economy by cutting bureaucratic red tape, for example, or encouraging more creativity in education.

"The passion for carrying out reform is disappearing," says Terumasa Nakanishi, Shizuoka Prefectural University professor of politics. "It's become apparent that it's just a kind of power struggle going on."
Polls show voters have few

expectations of the New Frontier Party but also are dissatisfied with the current rulling coalition. Reluctantly the various parties that are joining the new party have been dissolv-

ing themselves in recent

weeks; on Monday the Clean

of its reluctance, kept its local legislators out of the New Frontier Party. Quite a change from the

summer of 1993 when a coalition led by reform-minded Prime Minister Morihiro Hosokawa took office. Younger politicians were suddenly all over the air-

waves, promising "kaikaku," or reform. Kaikaku meant less government bureacuracy, open markets, a crackdown on corruption. It promised worldly leaders who could deal easily with Amer-ican presidents and European prime ministers. Within six months Mr.

Hosokawa had completed two of the biggest reforms: Opening Japan's rice market and passing anti-corruption laws including tougher campaign finance rules and a new election system.

But to more conservative Japanese, Kaikaku summoned up their worst night-mares of Western society: Unemployment, vicious winner-take-all economic competition, involvement in

Mr. Hosokawa was forced to quit in April in a cloud of scandal over his personal finances. His successor, Mr. Hata, lasted just two months before the Liberal Democrats

in coalition with their old rivals, the Socialists. What makes Japanese politics so confusing these days is that no single party really represents reform, even though no party dares to publicty oppose reform.

The New Frontier Party

came back to power in June

talks about shaking up Japan's ruling circles by severing the corrupt links between bureaucrats, politicians and business. But it has offered few specifics.

"At a stage when everyone is just talking about how they'll implement reforms, it's pretty hard to tell the difference," concedes the New Frontier Party's top strategist and power broker, Ichiro Ozawa, who at 52 is the youngest leading politi-cian in Japan.

Real debate over policy

has virtually disappeared.

Prime Minister Murayama,
the leader of the Socialists, illustrates that point: in order to keep his coalition with the conservative Liberal Democrats stable, he abandoned all of the Socialists' left-leaning policies, such as opposition to Japan's military.

"Japan must appear truly strange to foreigners," said Mr. Ishiba in an interview. 'Here we have a parliament that is totally incapable of debating defence issues or foreign policy."

Opposition leaders say they want a general election early next years, but Mr. Murayama has repeatedly said he does not intend to call elections any time soon.

The only immediate threat to the prime minister comes from rebels in his own Socialist Party, who want the party to dissolve itself and become a broader-based "liberal" third party that would give voters an option besides the Liberal Democrats and the New Frontier Party. But the movement has failed to pick up steam so far.



Teddy bear shatters record

LONDON - A small brown teddy bear belonging to the world's most noted collector was sold for £110,000 (\$171,500) at a London auction Monday, shattering the world record for a teddy which stood at £55,000 (\$85,770). The bear, which was made in 1904 and is known in the toy world as "Teddy Girl," was bought by a Japanese collector who attended an auction at Christie's billed as the biggest teddy bear sale in history. It was the favourite bear of a British army colonel, Bob Henderson, who died in 1990 after building probably the world's biggest collection of teddles. "I'm actually in shock, I'm just speachless," said

his granddaughter Deidre Henderson, Chipm hope she george to 2 good home. She has been loved in any many the news 100 years. The tatty bear looks unremarkable but its sale reduced Deidre's husband, Alan, to tears. "It was a very hard decision to actually let her go. We spent many nights debating it," he told reporters. The photograph shows japanese toymaker Yoshihiro Sekiguchi holding his newly purchased bear. The new owner will put the bear in a toy museum near Tokyo (AFP photo)



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Gloria Estel



A Chechen soldier guards imprisoned Russian officers of the

Grozny a week ago are still in Chechen prisons. Some of them Kantemirovskaya Tank Division in Grozny. Around 70 Russian bave admitted that they were paid by the Russian Federal officers and soldiers who took part in the unsuccessful attack on

the Chechen crisis, said Gen.

Grachev met Umar Avtur-

khanov, who heads the Pro-

visional Council opposition

again he was willing to lay down his weapons and called

for immediate free elections

in the region, Mr. Martyanov

But it is unlikely that Mr.

Mr. Dudayev has agreed

Dudayev, who declared inde-

pendence from Moscow in

on talks with Moscow "on

equal terms" but he rejects

any negotiations with the Pro-

visional Council, which Mos-

cow recognises as the legiti-

mate Chechen government.

TASS news agency Monday

that Mr. Yeltsin's powerful

Security Council would take a final decision on whether to

use force at its next meeting

Duma lower house of parlia-

ment have launched a num-

ment, elected in 1991, the

government could either hold

by-elections or call for fresh

The opposition has refused

to take part in elections

under this government, saying any ballot is bound to

with LTTE after the rebel

presidential campaign rally,

in which opposition leader

Gamini Dissanayake and 57

Colombo also decided to

offer more concessions to

Tamils living in the LTTE-

held northern Jaffna peninsu-

The Hindus claimed the

birthplace of their warrior

god, Rama, and raised a

makeshift temple dedicated

Groups of Muslims Tues-day held protest meetings

and demonstrations in New

Delhi, Bombay, the twin

towns of Faizabad and

Ayodhya and in the southern

"Muslims hope and pray that the mosque will be re-built," said Mohammad Wasi

Khan, a Muslim leader in

Faizabad town, 525

kilometres (328 miles) east of

ramilitary forces were de-

ployed in Faizabad and

Ayodhya as Muslims closed

shops and businesses in re-

Some 4,000 police and pa-

state of Kerala.

New Delhi.

to him on the rubble.

base, the source said.

others were killed.

polls early next year.

be rigged.

Deputies from the State

Thursday.

Gen. Grachev told ITAR-

told a news conference.

1991, will follow suit.

Mr. Avturkhanov said

Chechen leader reportedly to free Russian troops

GROZNY, Russia (R) — Prominent liberal Russian politician Grigory Yavlinksy arrived in the breakaway region of Chechenya Tuesday to offer himself as a hostage in place of captured Russian

His arrival came as Chechen leader Dzhokhar laid down their arms. Dudayev was quoted as saying he was ready to release all the Russian servicemen captured in fighting with Moscow-backed rebels.

A local reporter, contacted by telephone in the regional capital Grozny, quoted Mr. Dudayev as saying: "The Chechen Republic never used prisoners of war as tools of speculation. We still give them away and let them go." No immediate confirmation of the report was avail-

Mr. Yavlinsky told Reuters his first aim was to take the Russian soldiers back to Mos-

"Secondly, we want to become a guarantee for Chechenya against the beginning of (Moscow's) military offensive and thirdly we want to solve the crisis by political

government, or face a par-

liamentary walkout by all

"We are giving the govern-ment an ultimatum to accept

our demand by Dec. 27,

otherwise the opposition will resign en masse on Dec. 28,"

the main opposition leader,

Sheikh Hasina Wajed.

announced at a rally marking

the country's fourth Demo-

COLOMBO (AFP) - The

Sri Lankan government

Tuesday decided to offer a

ceasefire to separatist Tamil

Tiger guerrillas in a bid to

revive stalled peace talks

ahead of a visit here by Pope

John Paul II, defence sources

Sri Lanka's Security Coun-

Chandrika Kumaratunga,

agreed to declare a truce with

the rebel Liberation Tigers of

Tamil Eelam (LTTE) as soon

as possible, the sources said.

NEW DELHI (AFP) - A

former Indian prime minister

Tuesday demanded the re-

construction of a 16thcentury mosque razed by

Hindu militants two years

ago as Muslims closed

businesses in parts of the

country to protest the de-

Indian authorities deployed thousands of police

and paramilitary forces

across the country to pre-

empt Hindu-Muslim clashes.

news reports said, but there

Vishwanath Pratap Singh

told a rally here that it was the moral responsibility of

the Congress (I) government to rebuild the Babri Mosque

in the northern town of

Mr. Singh said Prime Minister P.V. Narasimha

Rao had promised to rebuild

the Moghul-built mosque and

"his words should be given

The desecration was con-

concrete shape."

Former Prime Minister

was virtually no violence.

secration.

opposition MPs.

Tension between Moscow

and Chechenya has been high since Nov. 29, when Russian President Boris Yeltsin threatened to impose a state of emergency on the mountainous area unless Mr. Dudayev and his opponents

Mr. Yeltsin later retreated from that threat but Moscow is massing troops along the Chechen border.

A lone Russian Air Force Sukhoi SU-27 fighter-bomber buzzed Grozny Tuesday in a reminder to Mr. Dudayev's supporters that Moscow rules the air space above Chechenya. At least nine people were

killed last week in bombing raids which Russian Defence Minister Pavel Grachev belatedly conceded were carried out by his forces.

Gen. Grachev met the head of the Moscow-backed opposition in Chechenya Tuesday as parliamentary deputies stepped up efforts to prevent bloodshed in the

Yevgeny Martyanov, de-

weeks to meet opposition demands

DHAKA (AFP) — The cracy Day.

Bangladeshi opposition Tues- Ms. Wajed's Awami

day gave Prime Minister League, the Muslim fun-

Khaleda Zia three weeks to damentalist Jamaat-E-Islami

accept demands for elections and the Jatiya Party have

under a neutral caretaker already been boycotting par-

Bangladesh premier is given three

liament for the past nine

months to push demands for

announced a new programme of anti-government protests

until the end of December, but relaxed plans for a 48-

hour strike starting Wednes-

Analysts said that if the

"An announcement of a

ceasefire could be made with-

in a few days. The timing

depends on how soon the

government gets a response from the LTTE," a defence

source who attended the

The government will com-

municate its decision im-

mediately to the LTTE,

national Committee of the

Red Cross, the sources said,

adding that Mrs. Kumaratun-

ga was keen to revive the

demned by Mr. Rao on Dec.

a National Day address eight

months later — to rebuild the mosque, opposition leaders

charged in a memorandum.

echoed by Sayed Ahmad Bukhari, chief cleric of New

Delhi's Jama Masjid, India's

biggest mosque, who threatened to demand Mr.

Rao's resignation at another rally in the Indian capital.

Mr. Bukhari and several

other Muslim politicians gave

Mr. Rao a year to honour his

pledge, saying they would

press for his ouster if he

failed.
Rao should either fulfil

his promise or quit," he said.

"The battle is not between

Hindus and Muslims, but

against the Rao govern-

are its largest minority.

Muslims number more than 120 million in India and

Meanwhile, some 3,000

Hindus went on a noisy

march to Ayodhya, where

Mr. Singh's call was

1992 and he promised - in

meeting told AFP.

peace process.

cil, headed by President probably through the Inter-

opposition resigned from the 330-member national parlia-

Sri Lanka offers ceasefire to rebels

Ms Wajed also.

fresh elections.

puty head of a Moscow Information Centre set up to return of the Russian solsupply official information on

But TASS news agency quoted Chechen Foreign Minister Shamsedin Yusef as saying the hostage swap' could not take place because Grozny did not consider the captured Russians hostage. "We welcome the noble

desire of Grigory Yavlinsky," Mr. Yusef said. "But we are not going to keep him or anyone else hostage, even if they want to."

Sergei Yushenkov, who heads the Defence Committee in the State Duma lower house of parliament, was on his second mission to Chechenya Tuesday. He visited Chechenya last week and returned with two prison-

Chechenya by ultranationalist leader Vladimir Zhirinovsky returned to Moscow with two more prisoners. Gen. Grachev flew to the North Caucasus mountain area Monday with Interior Minister Victor Yerin and Sergei Stepashin, head of the counter-intelligence service. in what he said was a bid to bring the warring sides to the

A delegation dispatched to

negotiating table. If this attempt failed, he did "not rule out the declaration of a special form of government in Chechenya"

Russia's Federation Council upper house of parliament Tuesday opened a session on Chechenya by voting to summon Gen. Grachev, Mr. Yerin and Mr. Stepashin to report on the situation.

Bosnian Serbs take U.N. observers as 'human shields'

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — Bosnian Serbs, talking and acting tougher than ever, held five U.N. observers as "human shields" to protect a Serb-held airport and deman-ded that NATO swear off any further strikes on Serb forces as a condition for allowing Sarajevo Airport to reopen,

a U.N. spokesman said. — The moves came amid Western disarray over how to proceed in Bosnia-Hezegovina after fruitless efforts to end more than two years of warfare. The U.N. Protection Force is also facing unprecedented harassment on the ground in Bos-nia, with U.N. spokesmen Tuesday saying more than 300 UNPROFOR personnel were having their freedom of movement severely restricted by the Bosnian Serb Army.

The five U.N. military observers were being used as "human shields" by Serbs aear the airport of their stronghold of Banja Luka in northern Bosnia, U.N. spokesman Paul Risley in Zagreb said.
The situation recalled the

Gulf War when Iraqi President Saddam Hussein took Western hostages to deter allied air strikes on strategic installations.

The military observers in-cluded a Jordanian with heart problems. The spokesman said UN-

PROFOR condemned "in the strongest terms the inhuman treatment of a sick mission only to enforce U.N.

observer," and "protested to-day at the highest level in Pale to obtain their immedi-

A U.N. source meanwhile said Tuesday the Bosnian Serbs had demanded an official undertaking from NATO not to strike Serb forces or missile sites in return for allowing the reopening of Sarajevo Airport, which has been closed for more than two weeks.

They also demanded that the NATO planes over Bos-nia should not fly below 5,000

The U.N. source said the demands were put at a meeting Monday between Serb Deputy Army Commander General Milan Gvero and the chief of U.N. forces in Bosnia, General Michael Rose. in Jahorina, south of the capital.

He said Serb military offi-

cials had pledged to release the more than 300 U.N. personnel they were detaining, but this was "one of many times" that such a pledge had been made.

Pale Radio reported that Gen. Gvero had demanded guarantees from the highest U.N. levels that NATO planes would not act over Serb territory as a condition for further Serb cooperation with UNPROFOR.

Gen. Rose said he said he had stressed NATO's impartial role operating in support

U.N. officials have been seeking assurances for the safety of incoming aircraft at Sarajevo Airport following several incidents involving

the activation of Serb missile U.N. civil affairs spokes-man Thant Myint-U meanwhile said the humanitarian situation in the eastern enclaves of Gorazde, Zepa and Srebrenica was "extremely

worrying.' The continuing role of the U.N. and its agencies in Bosnia has been under discussion by leaders of contributing nations in recent days, with both Britain and France warning they could soon withdraw their peacekeepers.
British Defence Secretary Malcolm Rifkind was in

Vitez, in central Bosnia, Tuesday to sound out opinion on the issue. In Budapest, the Conference on Security and Cooperation in Europe failed to agree to a joint statement on the Bosnian war. In a speech

to the summit Monday, a bitter and exasperated Bosnian President Alija Izetbegovic had accused the international community of failing to defend the Bosnian peo-In Geneva, foreign minis-

ters from a seven-nation "contact group" on Bosnia set up by the Organisation of the Islamic Conference said Islamic countries would be willing to send troops to re-

that might decide to pull o of the U.N. peacekeepi contingent in Bosnia.

Bosnian Serbs Tuesd

allowed through a U.N. co voy carrying desperate needed food and fuel f Srebrenica where starvingeople had started fighting over food, an aid official sai "This is the first encoura

ing sign we got from ti Bosnian Serbs in mai weeks," Kris Janowski of the U.N. High Commissioner f Refugees told Reuters. Mr. Janowski said the co

voy had brought in 96 tonne mostly of food, and one tan er of fuel. "This is the first fuel

reach Srebrenica in months," Mr. Janowski sai Russia said Tuesday th five-nation group of maj powers trying to brok peace in Bosnia was not gi ing Serbia enough relief fro sanctions in exchange f Beigrade's support for endi-

Foreign Minister Andr Kozyrev told reporters th easing of U.N. sanctions far amounted to "peanuts The problem is that the co tact group is not reciproca ing.... it's not giving anythir to (Serbian President Slobdan) Milosevic."

Mr. Kozyrev spoke after meeting British Foreig Secretary Douglas Hurd c the margins of the Europea security summit.

Delors sparks new storm over EU federalism

PARIS (AFP) - Outgoing European Commission head Jacques Delors sparked a fresh storm over European federalism Tuesday, with critics renewing charges that he is putting EU power ahead of national interests, including French ones.

His comments were seized upon in particular by the French right and extreme left as ammunition to damage Mr. Delors' chances in French presidential elections next year, for which he is leading in opinion polls.

"In my view a federation is. a strong power...I believe links, and we will no longer that the French nation exists are be able to maintain our place think the opposite, or at least to wish it," said Pierre Mazeaud of the neo-Gaullist

"Little by little we are seeing it (France) dissolve into a large federation," added the deputy, an influential figure in the centre-right coalition of Prime Minister

Mr. Delors made his controversial comments, which echoed views expressed in the German magazine Der Spiegel last week, in an interview with the French financial daily Les Echos. In particular he outlined

his vision of a future "Fed-

eration of European States" which would include some 30 member states, saying the only alternative was declining European influence in the "Either we will form into at grouping...with no political

Mr. Delors has every right to on the world stage," he said, calling such an eventuality "Outer Space Europe." "Or, for those countries which want to go further,

there will be another organisation, the Federation of European States...which will keep Europe's ambitions in the world intact."

Mr. Delors conceded that the word "federation" was "a that he had to clarify his position, arguing that he was not for increased centralisation of power in Europe.

"The federal approach is one which guarantees the least centralisation of powers, and the greatest democratic control," he said, stres-sing that "federation is not synonymous with abandoning sovereignty."

The French right was not alone in condemning Mr. Delors' comments, which come amid frantic speculation over whether the EU head will stand in the presidential ballots in April and May.

French Communist Party leader Robert Hue, himself a declared candidate, reacted to Mr. Delors' federalism comments in much the same way as the rightwing Mazeaud. Mr. Hue told French radio

that federalism "calls into question our national sovereignty," and said Delors' views "seems to me to

the progressives and of the The comments also com

amid continuing disarra

within the French righ

which is divided over wheth: to support Mr. Balladur RPR supremo Jacques Chi Mr. Delors said Tuesda h: has taken a decision as t whether he will stand in th French presidential ballot

Recent opinion polls have put him ahead of the tw likely rightwing candidate Mr. Balladur and Mr. Chira-Asked in Budapest, when he was attending the summ

of the Conference on Secu ity and Cooperation i Europe (CSCE), whether h had taken his decision, h

He has said twice in reces weeks that, if his decision not to stand, he wi announce it before Chris mas, in order for the Frenc left to rally round an alterna tive candidate.

Amman Ms. Wajed's ultimatum comes after months of agitation by opposition groups that has often flared into violence, and failed attempt by the Commonwealth to mediate an end to Bang-"My family ladesh's chronic political crisupports me ... London Amsterdam Los Angeles She suspended peace talks group was implicated in the Oct. 24 bombing here of a Detroit. Where would I go without them!" la and also open a land route to the embattled region through a strategic military Indian Muslims call for mosque to be rebuilt the mosque was razed by thousands of Hindu extremists on Dec. 6, 1992, sparking nationwide Hindu-Muslim

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Challenge before the bench

THE CRUX of the problem facing the judicial branch of government these days centres on the performance of the higher judicial council in past years and the extent of its independence from the executive branch. This council happens to occupy centre stage in the entire judicial functioning of the country since it, and it alone, has the mandate to appoint, promote and retire judges. It goes without saying that the inde-pendence and integrity of the judiciary in any given government is one of the most enshrined and religiously defended pillars of modern statehood. The Jordanian Constitution, like practically all constitutions worldwide, stipulates in the clearest terms that the judicial function of government shall be independent and free of any whims or dictates by other executive or legislative estates. As a matter of fact, Jordan has always prided itself in observing the law through a truly independent court system thanks to a highly responsible judicial council composed of ten high-ranking judges and officials and headed by the president of the Court of Cassation. The record of this council has been impeccable throughout the years with nothing really to blemish its reputation or

The problem that occurred of late within and about the judiciary was offset by a series of resignations and retirements among the most senior members of the court system, including some who were key members of the judicial council itself. That naturally gave rise to speculation about the independence of the council, especially when the former president of the council, Court of Cassation Chief Justice Ali Al Na'ssan, submitted his resignation, and his retirement from office was followed by other resignations from the Court of Cassation's bench. A closer look, however, might not reveal any irregularities since the decisions in question were taken by the council itself. Most of the judges involved were entitled to retirement anyway for one reason or another.

The controversy remains because of the composition of the council and the built-in ability of the executive to pull some strings through members who are either directly associated with the Ministry of stice, such as the secretary general of the ministry, or because of the prerogatives of the minister of justice himself to second judges of his choosing to fill vacancies for ad hoc members of the highly powerful council. The odd thing about the existing practice within the judicial council is the ability even of its most junior members to put on its agenda a variety of issues including the retirement of the president of the council himself. Adding insult to injury is the automatic exclusion of any member of the council, including its president, from the deliberations when his retirement is put on the agenda.

This is where the problem lies and where rectifying measures need to be introduced. In the final analysis, the judicial council's independence needs to be further enhanced and consolidated to prevent any encroachment on it by any direct or indirect means. This could be attained by further streamlining the council's membership and reducing it to the seven most senior and functioning judges enjoying lifetime tenure and the exclusion, at the same time, of any official associated with the executive from its membership.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A COLUMNIST in Al Ra'i daily Tuesday backed Egypt's drive to ensure that Israel complies with U.N. resolutions and respect international laws by ending its nuclear programme. Mahmoud Rimawi said that Egypt, which reached a peace treaty with Israel at Camp David, has the right to demand that Tel Aviv take measures designed to ensure the sustainability of peace and security with its neighbours. Likewise, Damascus is right to demand a full Israeli withdrawal from the occupied Syrian Heights in return for a complete peace with the Jewish state, said the writer. Syria does not want to usurp other parties' rights, but it is rather holding on to its own right and its own lands usurped by Israel in 1967, he noted. There can be no justification for Israel to continue its occupation of other countries' lands in defiance of U.N. resolutions or to defy the international laws concerning mass destruction weapons, he stressed. The writer said that Israel should not be given a reward for its aggression and has to give up the occupied Arab land in exchange for a lasting peace with the

MOHAMMAD SUBEIHI, a writer in Al Dustour, expres ed belief that the government, which has successfully concluded a peace treaty with Israel, is now facing a number of chronic issues that require drastic solutions. Among these issues, said the writer, is the continual confrontation between government and Parliament, which has caused the delay of progress in implementing laws related to domestic affairs. Some deputies have personal ambitions and others hold on to ideologies that conflict with the government's own policy and the government has to tread very carefully lest it should anger the House members to an extent that they give a no confidence vote in the government, said the writer. Furthermore, the peace treaty with Israel, which was hoped to open the door for improved relations with the Arab states, has not achieved the aspired purpose, added the writer. All these issues are facing the government at a time when nothing has been successfully done to deal with the socio-economic ills that require immediate attention, said Subeihi. He said perhaps the new stage requires a new government and a stronger Parliament where all groups are represented.

WASHINGTON WATCH

American Jews, Republicans and Middle East peace

WHEN ASSESSING the role of the American Jewish community will play in lobbying the next Congress, surface numbers can be misleading. The contributions of pro-Israel political actions committees (PACs), for example, are way down. From a high in 1988 of \$4.6 million, the total contributions have fallen to \$1.2 million this year. The number of Jewish members of Congress drop this year from 10 senators and 32 congressmen in the last Congress to 9 senators and 32 congressmen in the next.

And while the liberal social agenda shared by most American Jews is threatened in the hands of the new conservative-led Congress, the new Congress will also be more stridently pro-Israel (if that can be believed) than in the past. It is in this context that the Jewish community is actively debating the effects of the 1994 congressional elections on thier ability to pursue their agenda in 1995-96.

Historically, the overwhelming majority of the Jewish community has voted for Democrats, and this past election was no exception. While the national vote was split evenly (50 per cent to 50 per cent) between the Demcoratic and Republican parties (due to the fact that several Democratic incumbents won by large margins, while many Republican victors won by narrow margins), the Jewish vote on the other hand went 78 per cent for the Democrats.

The American Jewish community has been aligned with

the Democratic Party largely because of the party's social agenda: social liberalism, a commitment to civil rights, feminism, abortion rights, a redistributive tax policy and the separation of church and state - all are major domestic concerns of the Jewish community. Many American Jewish leaders are now worried that progress already achieved on these issues may be rolled back and new progress made impossible by the more conservative leadership recently

Indeed, the early initiative calling for a constitutional amendment supporting prayer in the U.S. public school system has caused great concern among liberal Jews (and many liberal Protestant Christian denominations, as well). They fear that such an amendment would erode the separation religion and the state which small religious minorities see as an important protection of their rights.

But while liberal Jews have historically led the community, there is a vocal and increasingly active minority of conservative Orthodox Jews who have become organised against this liberal agenda — and are now voting Republican and creating a deep fissure within the American Jewish

In the past, both the dominant liberal and minority conservative wings of the Jewish community were at least united on issues of foreign policy; but now, in the face of a Labour government in Israel that has made some peace with the Palestinians, there is even a rift on that question.

The more liberal Jewish leadership maintains that they have no problem with the Republican sweep of the November elections. They note a history of strong biparti-san support for Israel and its policies, and make brave public comments to that effect. An AIPAC leader recently noted, "these guys are all friends of Israel." But in private, these same liberal Jewish leaders express a fear that the newly elevated conservative Republican leadership in Washington and their conservative supporters in the Jewish community do not share their support for the Labour government of Israel or for the basic tenets of the peace

The Democrats who ruled Congress for 40 years consistently supported Israel, that is, whatever Israeli government was in power: A times. Congress would pursue the Israeli government's agenda even when it directly chaf-lenged the policy of U.S. administration. Congress would take these actions at the behest of the powerful pro-Israel lobby which either supported their election campaigns or

threatened to work against their reelections.

More often than not, the scene on Washington was one of Congress pushing and the administration seeking to restrain excessive congressional action - on Jerusalem on restricting arms sales to Arab countries, or on denying aid to Arab countries — with successive administrations feeling quite threatened by this congressional pressure. It is this interplay that has often shaped the Middle East policy debate in the United States.

With the Republican takeover, this dynamic will be somewhat altered. There will not only be new player in leadership roles, but these new leaders in the House and Senate are driven by ideologies which are more stridently pro-Israel than their predecessors, though not necessarily tied to the Israeli government in power.

Some pro-Israel lobbyists (both liberal and conservative) are celebrating the diminished roles of some of Israel's Democratic nameses in Congress. No longer will Israeli policy be questioned by such Democratic committee chairman as Congressman Lee Hamilton (outgoing chairman of the House Foreign Affairs Committee), congressman Devid Obey (outgoing chairman of the House man David Obey (outgoing chairman of the House Appropriations Committee), Senator Patrick Leahy (outgoing chairman of the Senate Foreign Operations Subcommittee), and House Majority Whip David Bonior. All these Democrats were strongly opposed to Israeli settlement policies and, while not supported by the majority of their own party, they were frequently able to act as a thorn in

Replacing this Democratic leadership will be congress-man Newt Gingrich (the new speaker for the House who only last month cosponsored a letter to President Clinton that opposed administration actions which — in accordance with the Israel-PLO declaration of principles — have treated the status of Jerusalem as undetermined and argued treated the status of Jerusalem as undetermined and argued instead that all of Jerusalem should remain solely under Israeli sovereignty), Senator Mitch McConnell (incoming chairman of the Foreign Operations Subcommittee who is also one of the largest recipients of pro-Israel PAC funds and holder of one of the most pro-Israel voting records in the Senate), Senator Arlen Specter (incoming chairman of the Technology and the Law Subcommittee and founder of the anti-peace process "monitoring committee" in the Senate), Senator Robert Packwood (incoming chairman of the Senate Finance Committee and the most pro-Israel the Senate Finance Committee and the most pro-Israel member of either House or Congress) and Senator Jesse Helms (incoming chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations

The two most central forces driving the Middle East policy debate in the Republican Party today are the neoconservatives and Christian right wing. Both of these groups, while strongly allied to former President Reagan were opponents of President Bush and Secretary of State James Baker. These two forces, for different reasons, have a narrow Israel-centred view of the Middle East and are more strongly allied with the position of the Likud than with that of the Labour Party of Prime Minister Rabin.

As a group, they extert real pressure on the White House on a number of Middle East-related issues — and not only because they are Republicans who will be able to obstruct the foreign policy of a Democratic president, but also because they are not committed to supporting the Labour government in Israel.

Senator Helms, for example, while questioning foreign aid in general (he likened it to poring money down "foreign ratholes") had the following to say to Itamar Rabinovich, the Israeli Ambassador to the U.S. in a meeting just two

weeks ago:
"If Israel hadn't existed in the Middle East it would have had to be invented, because the United States could have found itself in sad shape. Anyone who wants to understand Israel's importance to the United States needs to figure out how much the defence of the region would have rested in

the Pentagon's budget without it." In the Gingrich letter to the president, Jerusalem was described in the following way:

"Jerusalem is Israel's capital — and only Israel's capital — and that it must remain a united city under Israeli sovereignty... we support the action taken by the U.S. Congress to prohibit any new offices or official meetings in Jerusalem to deal with the Palestinian Authority. Jerusalem is the capital of only one country, Israel, and we urge you to implement a policy that does not in any way support a Palestinian claim to the city.

And Senator Specter's Peace Accords' Monitoring Committee (PAM), whose creation was opposed by the Rabin government, succeeded in conditioning U.S. aid to the Palestinians and passing other legislation that attempts to tie the hands of the administration with regard to Palesti-nian aid and to dealing with Palestinians in the city of

Not only are the Democrats down on the Hill, but the more traditional pro-Israel lobby American Israel Public Affairs Committee (AIPAC) may also be negatively affected by the fall elections.

AIPAC has always played by the rules traditionally accepted by the mainstream of the American Jewish community — they support whatever Israeli government is in office. Since the start of the peace process, AIPAC has been challenged by an upstart group, the Zionist Organisa-tion of America (ZOA) which, in violation of the abovementioned rule, has severely critisied the Labour government policies and pushed its allies in Congress to criticise or

encumber the peace process with negative legislation.

While AIPAC has stated that they are confident that they can work with the new Congress, most analysts of the American Jewish community feel that the ZAO's star is

rising on Capitol Hill.

Already ZOA President Mort Klein has expressed his strong support for Senator Jesse Helms Mr. Helms has soined the ZOA president Mort Klein has expressed his strong support for Senator Jesse Helms Mr. Helms has joined the ZOA-sponsored PAM committee which the outgoing chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee, Democratic Senator Claiborn Pell, refused to join), and he is extremely pleased that two of his strongest allies Senators Specter and Shelby (a former Democrat who recently switched to the Republican Party) will be a strong position to carry out his group's agenda.

In short, the final assessment of the impact of the Republican takeover on the Jewish community is mixed:

— The liberal Jewish social agenda will be threatened;

— The liberal-conservative split within the American

Jewish community will deepen:

— The newly organised (and even radicalised) Orthodox
Jewish community will become a force with which others
will be forced to content in U.S. politics;

— American Jews will no longer be regarded as
monolithically liberal Democrats;

— Pro-Israel PAC money and individual contributions to

candidates, while still an important factor in elections, will

not play as powerful a role as it has in the past.

With neo-conservatives and Christian fundamentalist ideology is a more significant factor in their pro-Israel

— The peace process, as it is presently constructed, will face real challenges because the next Congress will not be inclined to give either the Democratic president or the Labour government of Israel an opportunity for new ceremony on the White House lawn before 1996. Progress

may still be made, but it will not be easy.

The results of the elections pose new difficulties to an already encumbered peace process.

The pan-Arab project — where to?

By Jamal Shaer

If a European were asked a 100 years ago about his predictions on the future of the continent it is highly unlikely that he would have foreseen a unified Europe. But if one asked a Frenchman, British or German the same question 10 years ago, most probably the answer would have been forecasting a situation familiar to the one witnessed to-

This corresponds entirely to the situation in the Arab World, Most probably it never occurred to the mind of the pan-Arabist living towards the end of the last century that the Arab World would go the way it has. But if an Egyptian, Moroccan, Syrian, Gulf Arab, Iraqi, Palestinian or Jordanian national were asked 10 years ago about the direction the Arab World would take, the prediction would not have been far from what is happening now.

But what about the future? What is going to happen, in the next 10 years say, to the Arab World or to what has come to be called the pan-

Arab national project? What is this project in the first place? What is it based on?

What are its elements?

What are the possibilities

of achieving at least some of

its objectives? In the last book written by the late (historian and writer) Albert Hourani about the history of the Arabs, which was more of an analysis and conclusions than a narrative and which was the product of more than 50 years of studies and teaching history at the best American universities and participation in Arab and international seminars. Hournai concluded that: "Arabism was always a culture and social identity that could not express itself politically throughout history and will not, most probably, do so

in the future.' In my youth I understood the pan-Arab project to mean one thing: there is one Arab homeland, with one Arab Nation that inevitably would become one political

No doubt this project.

whether an ideology or an indisputable fact, was based in our minds first and foremost on the existence in this world of a region which has a number of people speaking the Arabic language. This description might seem very simplistic, or as some would say arbitrary, since it ignores other facts that are more deeply rooted in history and genuinely related to the fu-

But after 100 years, and as we stand now on the threshold of a new century which will bring with it many changes in the fields of knowledge, morals and probably new human relations, should hause to review the elements of the pan-Arab project and the concepts and goals re-lated to it. This attempt might raise several questions as well as stir some controversies, but it has

To begin with, we have to admit that the pan-Arab project is merely a political idea, not tantamount to a religious belief. In its incipient stage, this project sought to affirm an Arab identity as part of the Islamic groupled by the Ottomans. After the project passed through various stages during which additional objectives, other than unity, appeared, as did social concepts and manifestations that were part of the essence of the project. it now faces major questions.

If we put Hourani's conclusions aside and speak of Arab unity, we wonder, what form it should take: confederation, federation or merger. Then, should we propose a comprehensive unity of all Arab states or should we encourage possible bilateral and trilateral (unity) projects.

Does the unity slogan include countries like Somalia and Diibouti? And where is Israel's place in

all these circumstances? When unity was proposed in the mid 1940s, it was linked to the socialist unity slogan. And when the first constitution of the Arab Socialist Baath Party was issued, it spoke of parliamentary rule. Then this was amended in the interest of the party in power in any given Arab state.

The question also arises about the relationship between the pan-Arab project and Islam as an identity and a governing theory. No doubt, most, if not all, of us, have heard of the Arab nahda (renaissance) project which had as targets unity, social justice, independence from the occupier. democracy, development and progress. At the same time, we must have heard of the Islamic renaissance project which aimed

to start within the borders of the Arab World. Now the talk is about a new Middle East regional project, which would include not only Turkey, and possibly Iran, but also Israel.

What are the mechanisms to achieve the pan-Arab project? And what are the obstacles facing it, especially today, after the Gulf war and reconciliation with Israel and the steps leading to the settlement of the Palestinian question which has been the main focus of the pan-Arab proect since the middle of the

Let us attempt to list the poers and features that will positively or negatively govern the pan-Arab project during the coming 10 years. We think that these are represented by: Arab regimes; resources and prospects for integration; inten-

rational powers; and intellectual, factors availability of institutions; International intellectual

Arab regimes, resources and prospects for integration

Astonishing facts were published recently about the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia. Its expenditure in the Gulf war totalled \$55 billion and it will have to pay the bills for the forces and arms

rushed to it after the Iraqi military build-up on the Kuwaiti bor-der (in 1990). Saudi Arabia has used all its reserves, and its debts are estimated at \$100 billion; its annual deficit is \$20 billion. Still it has recently concluded a \$30 billion

All this has prompted the American treasury secretary to come to Saudi Arabia with a scathing report calling on the state to control its expenditures to be able to shoulder its responsibilities. To make the simution and the American position look better, they talked of human rights and the need to take steps on the way to openness.

arms deal with the West.

All this aims to protect the roval family and the interests of the U.S. in Saudi Arabia and around it. If we compare this to the rest of the Gulf region, we will find similar situations. The regimes of Iraq, Syria, Libya and Algeria. which have different capabilities, ranging from medium to large, did not have better achievements during the past two decades. These all are dictatorships whose main purpose is to protect the ruler from his people. from the other Arab ruler, be he traditional or revolutionary, and from international

This does not mean that the

situation is any better in many of the less wealthy states or those which are more open in viewing the priorities of the ruler or his clique, which reflects on the pos-sibility of being satisfied with any national rule, be it military, limited parliamentary, or partnership between a monarchy and a parliament, an army and a parliament or a factional authorty and a parliament. Such a

situation exists in Yemen, Tunisia and Somalia, among others. Consequently, we find the current confederation, which is the Arab League, completely lacking vitality, as does the pan-Arab project proposed by the revolutionary pan-Arab movement which was allied with a unique leadership, and has failed.

It is impossible for us to claim that the unified independent Arab state project led by the pan-Arab movement in Syria and Lebanon, and later by Al Hus-sein Ben Ali who included also Iraq. Syria and the Arab Peninsula in the project had any chance to succeed.

International powers

The international forces were interested in our region since the dawn of the recorded history. No one can deny that the international forces are still interested in the Arab World, and that this interest is served by keeping the Arab World divided and weak so as to plunder its resources, keep it as a market for them and prevent it from competing with them in case it unifies and gains strength.

That does not mean that the Arabs surrender to this imposed fact. We have a great example in our history. in Prophet Mohammad, peace be upon him, who managed to unify the Arab land and nation and to defeat the Romans and Persians... It is true that Mohammad Ali

Pasha's power failed because of international forces and it is also true that these forces were behind the failure of the Syrian-Egyptian unity, but a true leadership is one that benefitrs from the lessons of history, knows how to make external factors work for it and at the same time does not disregard the internal factors that are often inherent in the leadership itself, in addition to other objective factors.

Social and intellectual factors

When we say social forces, it is very important to view them as they are not as we wish them to be. If we take the Jordanian arena for example, we find that the tribe constitutes a social power that cannot be underestimated in any matter. So is the religious belief. Other than these two basic factors, we can list labourers, economists, professionals, civil servants, civilians, the military, and so on.

No doubt, there is an interrelationship between these forces as those holding on to tribal values might also be guided by religion, and thus listen to their companions in prayers, or might be army personnel, labourers, professionals or businessmen. If we examine what happened

in our arena over the past five vears, and take for example the parliamentary elections, amend-ments to the election law, the position on the Jordanian-Israeli peace treaty and other major issues, we can detect the importance of social forces.

ducted recently concluded that the trends of registered voters were divided as following: The traditionally organised political parties enjoy the support of nine per cent of the voters, religious forces enjoy the support of 5.5 per cent and all the modernist powers are supported by 2 per cent. This demonstrates the and intellectual trends and shows that the strongest remain the tradition and the religious

Institutions

Severall intellectual institutions are operating in the Arab arena, as are several Arab labour and professional unions and more recently the youth and women's associations, and

The Arab National Conference was set up in 1990 and we know about the Arab human rights organisation and the federation of Arab/Afro Asian friendship societies and so on.

In my belief all these have their role... and will gain momentum if there are clear guidelines and a clear leadershipl of the pan-Arab project, if there is the possibility that the project can be revived,

International intellectual

If we look at the stages of Arab thought over the past 100 years, we find that it was always influenced by international changes affecting one genera-tion. The prevalent values towards the end of the last century witnessed many changes, some

of them vital. The Arabs have to live with the rest of the world; it is not permissible that they remain in the spectator's stand as history

passes them, as one of the writers commented in a thesis published in London five years ago.

My conclusion after five decades of continuous observation leads me to say that the only thing we can take for granted is that there is a large piece of land on which live millions of people speaking Arabic.

I was pleased that those responsible for this cultural programme we call "project" are holding discussions in preparation for it, as I believe that:

- The project that was proposed in the 1940s, with its two parts - the Arab League and the

revolutionary pan-Arab move-ment — has failed.

— This region in which the Arabs are living should and can have a project based on two

a- That the world today tends to group in larger blocs that can survive and the smaller political economic entities cannot survive. b- The Arabs many federation unity features that are stronger than the bonds between the

states of the U.S. or the Euro-

If I were given the chance to

contribute to drafting such a project, my contribution would be

pean countries.

based on parliamentary demo-cracy, national and inter-Arab reconciliation and economic interests between a limited number of Arab countries or all Arab countries. Such a project should not be linked with any religious and social trends or conflicts between Arah and or non-Arab parties, any unliateral views of a party or a distinct leadership... I do not see any sign of hope for a serious project before national conditions in a reasonable number of Arab countries stabilise on democratic parliamentary basis. If I were to work in Jordan on a pan-Arab basis, I would implement the Jordanian Constitution in text and spirit, amend some of the articles added to it after 1957 and amend the rest of the articles at a later stage with the objective of having the parliament as the decision-maker. Only then the Parliament can enact a law, if the representatives of the people want, stipulating relinquishing national sovereignty for the sake of unity with another Arab country, a decision which should be taken by the representatives of

The above article is based on a lecture the writer delivered in Zarqa last month, Dr. Shaer is a former Cabinet member and long-time pan-Arab political activist . He is now director of Al Ahli Hos-

مكذا صد الأصل

WEINGLAIDED THE FAIRERS

Israeli army wants more than 10% of West Bank

TEL AVIV (AFP) — The Israeli army wants to maintain control of four zones on the West Bank even after a permanent settlement with the Palestinians, military radio reported Tuesday.

The zones, which do not include annexed East Jerusalem, are the minimum the army believes necessary to provide security.

Eighty per cent of the 120,000 Jewish settlers live within the zones which the radio identified as: — a belt along the Jordan

— an area around the settlement of Maale Adoumim,

- the Gush Etzion block of settlements south of Beth-

- a block of settlements including Kamei Shomron and Ariel, northeast of Tel

They would take in between 11 and 20 per cent of the 4,400 square kilometres of the West Bank, according to how much land was included in the Jordan Valley enclave.

The plan is for the final status of the occupied terri-tories after the five-year inperiod of autonomy which began in the Gaza

Strip and West Bank town of Jericho last May. During the interim stage the army wants to hold on to a far greater area of the West

Bank. Israel and the PLO were set to begin negotiations on the next stage of autonomy later Tuesday in Cairo.

Under the autonomy agreement, Israeli troops are to pull out of built-up Palestinian areas of the West Bank to allow for elections, but the army fears exposing

Negotiations on the final settlement are scheduled to start by May 1996.

Christopher's tour is decisive — Syrian media

DAMASCUS (AFP) — As U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher began a new shuttle between Syria and Israel Tuesday the official press here spoke of a "deci-sive juncture" in the troubled

peace talks. The English-language Syria Times described Christopher visit as the "most important" this year but echoed other official dailies here saying Syria would not back down on its commitment for a comprehensive settlement.

The Syrian-Israeli peace talks have been deadlocked since February over the terms and extent of an Israeli withdrawal from the Golan Heights which were conquered in the 1967 Arab-

In the run-up to Mr. Christopher's tour Israel and Syria blamed each other for the statemate, with President Hafez Al Assad insiting it was up to Israel to make the next move.

"The aim is to add momentum to the deadlocked negotiations between Syria and Israel," Syria Times said.

"The result, although unpredictable, is almost obvious: no immediatel breakthrough on the Syrian-Israel track as long as Israel holds fast to its already non-conaliatory positions," the ment.

newsaper added, "The U.S. has been active-

ly engaged in this area for years. Now the process has reached a decisive juncture," Syria Times said.

Another official daily, Tishrin, squarely put the blame on Israel for the deadlocked talks accusing Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin of refusing Syria's "key condition" for peace a Golan and South Lebanon withdrawal.

Peace will remain a "project on paper" as long as Israel failed to abide by U.N. Security Council resolutions 242, 338 for a withdrawal from Arab land occupied in the 1967 war and 425 which demanded an immediate and unconditional pullout from South Lebanon, Tishrin said. Mr. Christopher was to

meet Assad before flying to Israel later Tuesday. He returns here on Thursday. Meanwhile, an opinion

poll in Israel showed that 60 per cent of those questioned opposed a full withdrawal from the heights while just over 23 per cent backed a total pollout.

It also showed that nearly seven out of 10 Israelis were against the stationing of U.S. troops on the Golan Heights to monitor any peace agree-

U.N. plans to step:up aid convovs to Kabul

ISLAMABAD (AFP) — The U.N. plans to step up aid convoys to the beleaguered Afghan capital after the success of getting its first relief consignment through in six months, U.N. sources said. here Tuesday.

U.N. convoys had been suspended, unlike those of other aid agencies, because of the blockade to the east and south of Kabul by forces of former prime minister Gulbuddin Hekmatyar.

A four-day ceasefire, agreed by the main Afghan factions, was to be im-plemented on Monday to allow the U.N. convoy to get through. It was also to let U.N. special envoy Sotirios Mousouris visit Kabul.

The 32-lorry convoy car-ried flour, medical and food supplies and tents. It left Jalalabad, eastern Afghanistan, Monday morning and arrived in the centre of the capital where President Burhanuddin Rabbani is in control by mid-afternoon.

About half its consignment was immediately distributed. The other half will be distributed in areas controlled by Mr. Hekmatyar's Hezb-i-Islami, U.N. sources said. Roads in Afghanistan have

been unsafe since the fall of the communist regime in April 1992 and the subsequent war between rival Afghan Mujahedeen fac-

The main road between Kabul and Jalalabad towards the Pakistan border has been particularly dangerous. Several aid convoys have been looted and vehicles

stolen by armed gangs. Other humanitarian organisations, including the International Committee of the Red Cross, have continued to provide aid for Kabul's 800,000 inhabitants either by

Afghan capital. Unlike the United Nations, which evacuated all expatriate personnel from Kabul on Jan. 8 when fighting between rival Afghan factions heightened, the ICRC has always

road or by air through the

Bagram airport north of the

maintained a significant expatriate presence. U.N. officials said that following Monday's successful trip, other convoys to Kabul could now follow if security

considerations permitted.

The convoy's arrival in Kabul coincides with the pending departure of Sotirios Mousouris from his post as the U.N. secretary-general's representative for humanitarian aid in Afghanistan.

He was scheduled to leave Islamabad for Kabul Tuesday to say goodbye to the leaders of the main Afghan factions. Since Jan. 1 this year the

war between factions fighting for control of Kabul has left more than 7,000 people dead and created hundreds of thousands of refugees, including 350,000 in U.N.-run camps near Jalalabad.

In addition to its humanitarian activity, the United Nations has also undertaken a political initiative to try to bring peace to Afghanistan. Former Tunisian foreign minister Mohmoud Mestiri is handling the mission which so far has failed to progress.

Eritrea severs ties with Sudan

ADDIS ABABA (R) Eritrea severed diplomatic relations with Sudan, accusing Khartoum of measures opposed to its peace, security and stability amid a row over cross-border raids.

Eritrean radio said on Tuesday diplomatic relations were cut from Monday evening despite Asmara's efforts to clear up what it said was a misunderstanding created by

the Sudanese government. Eritrea, which became independent from Ethiopia last year, accused Khartoum last month of training more than 400 "terrorists" since August to undermine its security and

Sudan denied the accusation. Khartoum also charged Eritrea trained 300 Sudanese opposition fighters for crossborder raids.

recruiting 300 more.

The Red Sea state, which fought Ethiopia's government for three decades, earlier this year accused Sudan of supporting Islamic fun-damentalist insurgents but said it had crushed them.

The radio, monitored by the British Broadcasting Cor-poration, said ties were hampered by "negative measures being taken by the Islamic government of Sudan... opposed to the peace, security and stability the people of Entrea are currently pur-

suing."
"We have made diplomatic efforts to sort out the misunderstanding created by the Sudanese government in a bid to salvage relations from further deterioration." the radio quoted the foreign ministry as saying.

"While all these efforts have been made and all diplomatic alternatives have been tried and have failed... the Sudanese government has continued to engage in negative activities which have affected our people and country."

Meanwhile, a Roman Catholic bishop has charged in comments published on Monday that four Arab Christians were whipped and crucified by security forces for refusing to reconvert to Islam.

In an interview with Vatican radio, Bishop Cesare Mazzolari, the Vatican's chief representative in the Sudanese city of Rumbek, also said Roman Catholics were being persecuted in a conflict that has claimed hundreds of thousands of lives.

"Last July and August, four Nubian, Arab Catechists were whipped and then crucified because they refused to reconvert to Islam, a faith they had left 20 years ago," Bishop Mazzolari said in the interview, a transcript of which was released on Monday.

Bishop Mazzolari, who was not immediately available for comment, did not say if the four had died. Sudan has systematically denied charges that it violates human rights.



brutal treatment in a jail at the military court their alleged involvement in the attempted in Cairo. Mohammad Nagui (centre) is murder of Egypt's best-known author (AFP charged with the knife attack on Egyptian photo)

U.S. 'deeply concerned' over trial of Turkish MPs

WASHINGTON (AP) — The State Department repeatedly has expressed its "deep concern" to Ankara over the trial of eight Kurdish members of the Turkish parliament, a spokeswoman said Monday.

The eight, who are accused of advocating Kurdish independence and maintaining ties to an outlawed separatist party, may be sentenced to death if found guilty by Turkey's state security court, spokeswoman Christine Shelley said.

"It's difficult for most foreign observers to understand how (parliamentary deputies) could be stripped of their immunity and put on trial for expressing their thoughts, including in some instances, thoughts expressed before the Helsinki commission of

the U.S. Congress," Ms. Shelley said. "We have repeatedly ex-

pressed to the Turkish government our deep concern over the trials and their implications for democracy and freedom of expression in Turkey," she said at Monday's State Department briefing. She said the State Department was continuing to press the issue with Ankara

through diplomatic channels. The court is expected to hand down its verdict on Thursday.

Turkey has been battling a bloody Kurdish insurgency in its eastern provinces for the past decade. Kurdish activists claim the Turkish army has razed 1,400 villages in its effort to stamp out the uprising, diplacing some two million people.

Ankara has come under increasing pressure recently from the United States and Western Europe to improve its human rights record, which suffered greatly during the army's crackdown on the guerrillas.

In an impassioned letter published by The Washington Post Monday, Leyla Zana, one of the accused deputies, called on the West to intervene in the conflict, saying "Turkish extremism risks provoking a general catastrophe for both peoples and for the West."

"If Turkey's warlords assassinate hopes for the peaceful solution that we legislators represent, the road is open for Kurds to switch massively to the camp of violence and Islamic fundamentalism," she wrote.

Ethics in government:

'Corruption bankrupts nations'

By Cathy King Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — Corruption burdens economies, lessens a country's competitiveness in the international market and deprives its people of the benefits of external investment and the fruits of a free market economy, experts from different countries agreed Tuesday. The experts, from Jordan,

Lebanon, Sri Lanka and Pakistan, were participating in a Worldnet dialogue in English to discuss ethics in government and business via satellite television with Director of the U.S. Office of Government Ethics Stephen Potts and corporation ombudsman of Pitney Bowes Inc. David Nassef who spoke from a Washington studio.

"Cultural divides mean that there cannot be one set of laws to ensure governments and businesses are corruption free... but as all cultures recognise the importance of honesty, it is possible to establish common values," said Mr. Nassef.

The success of democracy and free market economies relies upon integrity and honesty within government and business.

"The principal driving force is a moral driving force. You can't have a successful democracy if people can't trust their government," said Mr. Nassef. He added that when that is the case the public would no longer depend on the ballot box but would turn to alternative methods to express their opinions and grievances.

He recommended that established rules, rather than rigid laws, should be implemented and monitored by employees who should be guaranteed the opportunity

ter of planning's report. When Mr. Rawabdeh was

contacted by the Jordan

to report inconsistensies in total confidentiality.

speaking from Colombo retorted that in many developing countries the media, which is regarded worldwide the fourth estate, after the executive, the legislative and the judicial, is state control-

"The press needs to be free to expose problems and to provide a forum for public discussion," he said.

Speaking from Beirut another participant suggested that aid donors could correlate amounts donated in relation to corruption levels in receipient countries.

dered this as a policy but the

side of a narrow divide. "Is it ethical that high ranking officials, for example, are allowed to import duty free cars?" asked a participant from Pakistan.

that any employee receives sets a climate for unethical behaviour. With regard to free parking for officials I do not see this as unethical but it can lead to it," said Mr.

The chairman of the Department of Public Administration at the University of Jordan, Mohammad Yaghi, asked whether corruption should be tackled through a group or specific individuals. Dr. Yaghi asked: "How can we make individuals honest and trustworthy and how

can we attack those responsi-ble (for corruption)?" Mr. Potts answered saying that emphasis should be

"The U.S. has not consi-

World Bank has indicated that it may lay down rules of the road for ethical government practices," Mr. Potts Bribery and perks lie either

The more perks (presumably in number and value)

Nassef.

placed on the individual for whom a code of conduct A Sri Lankan participant should be laid down, Jordan's director of the Audit Bureau and member of the Royal Commission for Modernisation and Reform (RCMR), corruption negatively affects governments, institutions and administration, preventing proper application of laws.

> Corruption, he said, leads to increased crime, reduction in public revenues and creates a "maldistribution of income and reduces economic growth rates."

> He added that correct behaviour should be respected and encouraged with incentives, while punitive measures should be applied where incorrect behaviour is

After the Worldnet dia-logue Dr. Kharabsheh, who has been the director of the Audit Bureau for three years, told the Jordan Times that the bureau undertook its task 'very seriously" and that he expected the government to regard the bureau's annual reports with equal serious-

"The government is trying to address the problems (highlighted by the bureau's annual report), but currently there are many issues to discuss and it's all a matter of priority," Dr. Kharabsheh

As a member of the RCMR, which is chaired by His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan who established it on Aug. 14, Dr. Kharabsheh refuted accusations that it acted as a second government saying: "The Royal Commission is trying to find solutions to problems. It introduces those solutions to the government to help it face the new era by providing a suitable environment."

NEWS IN BRIEF

10 hanged in Iran for armed robbery

TEHRAN (AFP) — Ten people convicted of arme robbery have been hanged in southern Iran, Kayha newspaper reported Tuesday. The 10 were accused by revolutionary court in Bandar Abbas in Hormozga province, of robbery, extortion and arms smuggling. The were executed Monday. People convicted of armed robbery have been automatically handed the death penalt

Japanese, Egyptian journalists killed in crash

NAIROBI (AFP) - Two Japanese journalists and Egyptian cameraman were killed when their light aircra-crashed near the Kenyan capital Tuesday, along with the pilot and co-pilot, a Japanese spokesman said. The chartered plane, on its way to Goma, Zaire, crashed a 10:45 a.m. (0745 GMT) in the Ngong hills some 4 kilometres (25 miles) southwest of Nairobi, said Majo Tsugunoro Komatsu, a Japanese air-lift operations office He named the two dead Japanese journalists as Hitosl Numazawa, 36, the Nairobi bureau chief of the Kyod news agency, and Toshihiko Irie, 32, of Fuji Television. I Tokyo, news reports said the Cairo bureau chief of Fu Television was among the five people killed. Maj. Komats said he did not know the names of the Egyptian camerama or the aircrew. The journalists had been on their way eastern Zairean town to cover the pull-out of a 260-stron Japanese military contingent there which has been purify ing lake water for Rwandan refugees in nearby camp Eight Japanese doctors have also been working in Gom

Police raid paper after Algerian arms story

ZURICH (R) - Swiss police on Tuesday raided the office of a newspaper which carried a report, based on officia documents, that militant Algerian Muslims have been buying weapons, ammunition and explosives in Switzer land. Urs Haldimann, editor designate of the Sonntag Zeitung, said three officers from the federal prosecutor office and 12 from the Zurich Cantonal police wer carrying out the search. Mr. Haldimann told Reuters th officers were trying to find out how the newspaper got hol of the documents, which came from the prosecutor's offic but said he had no intention of handing the documents over voluntarily. Speaking at midday, he said the police ha seized nothing after more than two hours in the building The Sonntags Zeitung report last Sunday said document from the federal prosecutor's office showed it had bee monitoring the activities of Islamic fundamentalists said t be using Switzerland as a base to buy and ship arms t

Saudis back plan to fight Islamic militants

RIYADH (AFP) — Saudi Arabia supports a plan to figl Islamic militant groups which has been proposed by Egyp Algeria, Tunisia, and Turkey, officials said here Tuesday The cabinet agreed here Monday it would "give its accord to the draft if it is approved by Organisation of Islam Conference (OIC) foreign ministers meeting Saturday an Sunday in Casablanca, Morocco, they said.

Britain voices concern over shooting at diplomate

TEL AVIV (AFP) - London's Ambassador Andre Burns expressed "concern" to the Israelingovernment Tuesday after a British diplomat had a narrow sscape while Israeli soldiers opened fire on his car, a spokesman said Mr. Burns went to the Foreign Ministry in occupie Jerusalem after his deputy cultural attache Peter Morriso came under fire Saturday night. "We have raised concer about the incident, a British official was jeopardised," a embassy spokesman told AFP. As the attache drov through the Nahal Oz crossing from the Gaza Strip t Israel, several army bullets smashed through the car windscreen. Israeli military officials said Mr. Morrison, o the British Council in East Jerusalem, apparently did no hear a shouted order to halt on a rainy night. Troops fire in the air and then at the car which had diplomatic plate they said. The diplomat escaped unharmed. .

Settlers prepare for Nobel protest in Oslo

JERUSALEM (AFP) — Israeli settlers are flying 50 'victims of terror" to Oslo to protest at the award Saturds of a Nobel Peace Prize to Palestine Liberation Organisa tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat, one of their leader said. "We have filled a Boeing 747 with 500 Israeli viction of Palestinian terrorism," Aharon Domb, spokesman fo the Jewish settlements, told AFP. "We want to remin Arafat that 101 Israelis have been murdered since th signing of the Declaration of Principles," for autonomy September 1993. Another 1,000 Jews from Europe and the United States would also join the demonstration under th banner "Nobel terrorism prize" outside the Oslo town ha where the ceremony is to take place, Mr. Domb said Protests are also scheduled in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv an Haifa during the awards. Mr. Domb said he had ju returned from a tour of Paris and Brussels to raise mone for the Oslo demonstration. One of the Oslo prize committee resigned in protest at the award to Mr. Arafai Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Ministe Shimon Peres share the 1994 Nobel prize with PLO chief

Fire guts Iran's old parliament

NICOSIA (AP) - A predawn fire gutted most of the former parliament building in Tehran Tuesday, Iran official media reported. No injuries were reported, Bu about 70 per cent of the building was destroyed, the official Islamic Republic News Agency (IRNA) said in a dispate monitored in Cyprus. Firefighters brought the blaze under control. Tehran Radio, monitored by the British Broad casting Corp. (BBC), said the fire did not reach the Hall of Mirrors, which harbours historic paintings, nor did damage the library. But some historical documents apparently not kept in the library area, were damaged IRNA reported. The blaze in the building in the capital central Baharestan Square was thought to have begun i the building's central heating system, the reports said Members of the nation's 270-member Majlis, or parlie ment, now meet in a new building.

King accepts Hindawi's resignation

(Continued from page 1)

planning minister told the Cabinet that he had instructed the ministry's staff to draw up plans for specific projects that will enable Jordan to ask for aid from Europe. The minister explained that the step was necessary since Jordan could no longer expect direct government-to-government financial aid but rather to

finance specific projects.

Mr. Hindawi was not available yesterday to explain his position, but, according to

different sources, he felt that the clear implications of the minister's words were that the government was not really sure that financial aid to Jordan was guaranteed after its signing of the peace treaty with Israel.

Parliamentary critics of Mr. Hindawi dismissed his objection as a pretext to justify his "pre-planned" resignation. The critics suggest that Mr. Hindawi employed what he saw as the goverment's "inability to fulfil

promises it made to the Jordanian people" to step up his "power struggle" with Dr. Majali.

Sympathisers with Mr. Hindawi, on the other hand, concern that the government had been unnecessarily raising high expectations among Jordanians about post-peace prosperity.
Another colleague of Mr.

Times yesterday he refused to make any comment on the affair but referred to Mr. Hindawi as "my respected colleague and teacher." Mr. Rawabdeh will now automatically assume the role of deputy prime minister since he is the most senior

member of Cabinet after Dr. Hindawi, minister of educa-Majali, Mr. Hindawi enjoys contion Dr. Abdul Raouf Al Rawabdeh, is said to have also expressed his disappointsiderable support among members of Parliament and ment after hearing the minishe may decide to go public

with his criticism of the government.

His critics are sceptical of how Mr. Hindawi, who has showed that he could be an impeccable opponent of governments in the past, could possibly oppose a budget he had taken part in formulat-

ing.
It is unclear how Mr. Hindawi's resignation will affect his role in the Royal Commission for Modernisation and Reform that was once viewed as "a second Cabinet" when

it was first formed. According to one theory,

Mr. Hindawi, who came to the government to play a key role in running internal affairs had inaccurately assumed that his membership in the commission gave him powers that could override those of the prime minister.

Parliamentary sources quoted ministers as constantly complaining that the rival-ry and the conflicting styles of the two strong men, Dr. Ma-jali and Mr. Hindawi, resulted in a Cabinet with two heads.

Those sources cite, among the issues that constituted a point of contention between Dr. Majali and Mr. Hindawi, the latter's opposition to rements of senior judges (see editorial on page 6), Mr. Hindawi is said to have opposed the appointments on the basis that they represented an interference in the otherwise independent judiciary system

of the country.
Mr. Hindawi himself was a member of Prime Minister Zaid Al Rifai's cabinet in the late 1980s when it made sweeping changes in the supreme court that were strongly attacked by legal experts and human rights activists at the

But some former ministers also cite his role in the first Cabinet of Sherif Zeid Ben Shaker that oversaw the transformation to the demo-

cratisation and liberalisati of Jordan's political system Mr. Hindawi's resignation letter and other sources in cate that he did not feel th he enjoyed enough power assume his role properly a

An official source, howe er, strongly disagreed, say that Mr. Hindawi "did r lack the power (in his capity as deputy prime minter)."

Analysts, who understar the implications of Mr. Hi dawi's resignation, argue the Mr. Hindawi might have jeopardised his own chance of becoming the next principle. minister by announcing h

Record harvest poosts Moroccan growth by 11%

nance Minister Mourad nerif predicts economic owth this year will be ound 11 per cent thanks ainly to the biggest cereal op on record.

Presenting the 1995 budget parliament Tuesday. Mr. nerif forecast economic owth next year at least 2.5 r cent if there is an average rvest, and up to 4.5 per int if it is above average. The high 1994 growth rate as "due largely to an excelnt agricultural season. The dustrial and services sectors gistered growth estimated 3.5 per cent." he said in his

idget speech Plentiful winter rains broke two-year drought and pro-.ced a cereal crop of 9.6 llion tonnes in the season at ended in June.

Autumn rains this year ve been barely average so but it is hoped there will d further rainfall in Decemr to March when wheat and Frley crops are maturing. Mr. Cherif said inflation buid be kept down to five r cent this year and fore-st a rate of four per cent for

ixt vear. He said the 1995 budget med to keep the treasury ficit down to 2.5 per cent of oss domestic product JDP) and the current count deficit at two per

int of GDP. High growth was achieved s year despite budget diffilties caused mainly by a e in the average price of oil ports from \$14 to \$16 and considerable increase in e price of food products on

ernational markets." The relatively favourable ternational context will ost our exports, produce upsurge in economic activand growth of foreign vestments." Mr. Cherif

"The level of foreign in-vestments, which should reach \$700 million, will not only cover the current account deficit, but will also significantly boost our foreign exchange reserves to a level equivalent to six months of imports of goods and services." he added.

"The government has no intention of going back on its decision to end rescheduling of our foreign debt," he said. The foreign debt is currently estimated at \$21 billion.

Debt servicing remains the biggest budget expenditure item at 27.67 billion dirhams (\$3.14 billion), slightly up on 1994, representing about a quarter of the total 1995

The budget deficit target is 3.6 billion dirhams (\$404 million), compared to a theoretical 5.28 billion (\$593 million) for this year, represent-

ing a reduction of 32 per cent. Total budget spending is 109.8 billion dirhams (\$12.33 billion) for next year, a fraction less than in 1994 when the economy and investment recovered after the droughts.

Other major items are defence at 10.13 billion dirhams (\$1.4 billion), which is virtually unchanged, and educa-tion at 14.7 billion dirhams (\$1.65 billion), up from 13 billion dirhams.

No big changes in direct taxation are envisaged, but receipts from indirect taxes, valued added tax and customs dues are set to decline by 26 per cent to 30.74 billion

dirhams (\$3.45 billion). The decline is largely due to the government's decision on Nov. 16 to reduce import duties to five per cent on 500 items, mostly consumer goods not made in Morocco. in an effort to combat smuggling which officials say has been costing the state enormous sums in lost revenue.

Organisation of African Unity facing a very critical financial situation

ADDIS ABABA (R) — The Organisation of African Unity (OAU) is broke and is owed more than \$64 million in arrears while being urged to do more in the world's

"The OAU has run out of money and is facing a very critical financial situation." OAU Acting Secretary-General Ahmad Haggag told Reuters at its headquarters in the Ethiopian capital of Addis Ababa.

He said the OAU's new roles in conflict management and election monitoring in a continent beset by unrest and a wave of polls had used what little money the organisation

"The financial situation is

states have failed to pay their annual contributions," Mr. Haggag, adding that they owed a total of \$64 million in

An OAU report shows that Libya, Sudan, Zaire, Ivory Coast, Congo, Kenya, Cen-tral African Republic and Cameroon are among those which owe millions of dollars to the 52 member-state body.

Libya owes nearly \$4 million in accumulated arrears, Sudan \$3.9 million, Liberia \$3.8 million, Zaire \$3.6 million, Ivory Coast \$3.1 million, Kenya and Cameroon \$2.9 million each, the report

the policy agreed with the IMF," he said.

Algerian balance of pay-

ments loan would also have

to wait "two to three

months," he said. The new

The formal decision on the

Egypt owes \$1.6 million and Nigeria \$1.5 million in Haggag said only an esti-mated \$1 million had so far been paid towards the organisation's 1994-95 budget of

\$30 million. OAU sources said the organisation had only been saved from imminent financial collapse because its newest member South Africa had donated \$2 million to ease the financial crisis.

Mr. Haggag said OAU Secretary-General Salim Ahmad Salim was currently touring African capitals in an attempt to impress on governments the gravity of the organisation's money prob-

The role of the OAU, which was set up in 1963 to

promote unity and solidarity among African states, in promoting peace through talks has been severely curtailed this year by the lack of

the mid-1980s.

posed to contribute to the

Despite calls and plans for it to take a more active role in

peacekeeping, the OAU failed to send any forces since an ill-fated attempt to police an end to civil war in Chad in Member states are sup-

OAU in accordance with their assessments for the United Nations but the organisation has long had a problem with arrears. In 1987, for instance, arrears in contribution amounted to some \$47

EU agrees loans to Algeria, East Europe 7.0 per cent of GNP. was influenced by the EU's

struggling countries could turn for help.

\$6 billion said: "We have gone to the outer limit of what we think is feasible."

Russia must slash budget

MOSCOW (AFP) — A top International Monetary Fund (IMF) official told Moscow Tuesday that it must further tighten its contested 1995 draft before it can obtain a promised \$6 billion standby

The opposition here has strongly attacked the 1995 budget as being too restric-tive, but the IMF's number two official. Stanley Fischer. said Tuesday that it was unrealistically lax because receipts had been over estimated.

The budget proposed by Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin foresees a deficit amounting to 7.8 per cent of gross national product (GNP).

But Mr. Fischer said that the fund wanted the deficit to be sliced even lower to 6.0-

Mr. Fischer, who arrived here Monday to meet officials responsible for the economy and to discuss terms for a record stand-by facility of

The proposed loan would be the biggest of its kind ever opened by the fund.

Mr. Fischer, holding that the receipts in the Russian budget had been overestimated, said that the IMF believed the deficit would probably amount to 10 per cent of GNP if the expenditure projections were correct.

Forecasts for receipts in 1994 had been overestimated and in December the state had raised only half of the expected amount, he

told a press conference. Under the draft budget for 1995, tax receipts amounted to 11 per cent of GNP which, he said, was extremely low by comparison with internation-

able to increase budget income, Mr. Fischer said.

In addition: "At present the budget that was presented to the Duma (lower house of parliament) is not one that looks consistent with the low inflation on which it is based. The arithmetic doesn't really add up."

January because some mem-Lamberto Dini told journalreluctance to be seen as a European IMF to which ists he expected the Algerian ber states want to see if the Bulgarian government arising loan to get the green light after the elections sticks to without too much difficulty

since the draft stand-by

agreement with the IMF was

working well.

But he was less optimistic

regarding Slovakia. "Slova-

kia has not managed yet to

put together an economic

BRUSSELS (R) — European Union (EU) finance ministers agreed Monday to balance of payment loans for Ukraine, Bulgaria, Slovakia and Algeria, diplomats and the European Commission

said. Payment of the loans was generally tied to the countries signing or sticking to stand-by agreements with the International Monetary Fund (IMF).

Ukraine is to get 85 million European Currency Units (\$102 million). Slovakia 130 million (\$156 million), Algeria 200 million (\$240 million) and Bulgaria 40 million (\$48 million) to raise an existing loan to 150 million European Currency Units (\$180 mil-

'The release of the twotranche loan to Slovakia is conditional upon the continuation of a comprehensive reform programme supported by the IMF." European Economic Affairs Commissioner Henning Christophersen told a news confer-

The final decision on the loan to Bulgaria should be taken at the beginning of

loan comes on top of 150 million European Currency programme which gives the necessary guarantees to the Units financial assistance union." he said. already paid by the union. The ministers' debate on he asked. Italian Treasury Minister whether to allow the loans

"We don't want to be seen as an international financial organisation ... but we have a great interest in having stable

neighbours," Mr. Christophersen said. "The question is, where do

neighbours stop ... where does North Africa stop, how far to the East should we go.

THE BRITISH BANK OF THE MIDDLE EAST **VACANCY**

The British Bank of the Middle East, is seeking to recruit a qualified ambitious Computer Operator.

Suitable candidates must have the following qualifications/experience/abilities:- A.B.Sc degree in Computer Science or a Mathematical / Scientific discipline with an

A very good communicator in both Arabic and English, verbal and written.

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Ability to read and write technical manuals for existing or developed software. Knowledge in using Mid Range Systems (AS/400 Preferably).

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Amman - Jordan Last day to submit applications is on 20 DEC, 1994 Telephone or personal calls are not acceptable. Applicants who applied for jobs in the British Bank Of The Middle East in the past should not re-apply for this job.

3razil to favour Falkland over M.E. oil imports

"ONDON (R) — Brazil cans to reduce its oil imports om the Middle East and crease imports from the ulkland islands if exploraon off the Argentine coast

oves fruitful, Brazil has ndon Rubens Barbosa told oporters the dispute belieen Britain and Argentina er the sovereignty of the stulkland islands would not mind in the way of oil ex-7 world's largest oil imporrs, would be keen to help

feploit the region's replurces. ere is an (international -mmercial) tender... in the Txt 10 years there will be a duction in our buying from

bosa said. "The geopolitical strategy will change com-

Latin America's biggest economy, Brazil consumes an estimated 1.2 million barrels of oil a day (b/d), importing 55 to 60 per cent of it from

Last year Brazilian oil imports from Argentina totalled \$700 million. It buys some 258,000 b/d from the Middle East, chiefly from Saudi Arabia, Kuwait, Iran and Qatar.

Mr. Barbosa said Brazilian oil company Petrobras was itself already drilling just outside the exclusion zone around the remote south Atlantic islands and would consider joining forces with the Argentines in oil explora-

tion ventures. "If a tender takes place... then Petrobras will be in-

companies will be interested in supplying equipment," he said. "Petrobras is drilling just outside the exclusion zone where there is a well aiready."

Late last month the Falktain and Argentina went to war in 1982, gave the goahead for oil exploration and exploitation on the nearby continental shelf. Britain and Argentina have

been holding slow-moving negotiations over exploration in the region and any deal, which must make no mention of sovereignty, needs the approval of the Falkland islanders.

But Mr. Barbosa said he did not expect the issue of the islands' sovereignty to hinder

COMPUTER OPERATOR

average score of 70% or better. Experience of at least 2 years.

Good interpersonal skills.

Good technical knowledge in Personal Computers (Hardware).

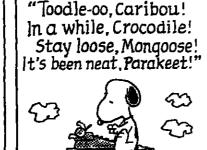
multi servers (Novell). Proficient in using and developing P.C. Software (E.G. WP 51; Long, Etcel, Harvard Complice)

Interested parties should submit their applications along with the following:-

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eanuts!





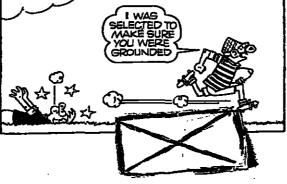


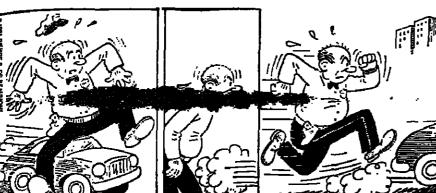
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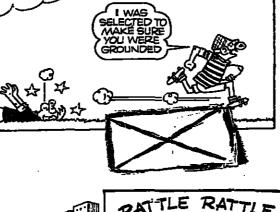
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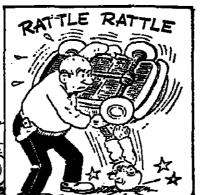
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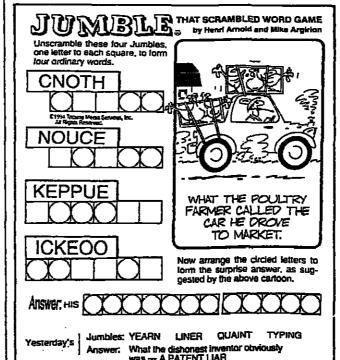








"I worked out a schedule: you hog the covers from 11:00-1:00, then I hog them from 1:00-3:00, then you...



to the bone to gain record IMF credit

al rates.

In Russian state was well

18 DAYS LEFT for Christmas

The most sentimental present

DAJANI'S

Gold-Gerns - House Presents etc. from JD 20, — (36% sale) Amra Hotel Shops, 6th Circle, Amman.

HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1994 By Thomas S. Pierson, Astrologer, Carroll Righter Foundation

GENERAL TENDENCIES: Know what others in the outside world expect of you and then proceed accordingly. Follow the dogmas you profess and concentrate on improving your way of life as you keep any contracts or agreements you have made.

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Find the mechanism which will make your home more functional and easier to run properly. Think of small investments you want to make.

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You can be very charming today and tonight. First handle business well, then start new social plans which include love ones and close friends. GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) Be with the one you love, and get into

activities which are pleasing to you both. Then plan a flattering, new wardrobe which helps your success. MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) This is a good day for

make your life richer and more worthwhile. LEO: (July 22 to August 21) Do something which will show outside contacts that you value the relationship, and guarantee continuation. Dress well for your success.

VTRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Get in touch with out-of-towners and show fondness for them. Plan that business or social trip so you can have an enjoyable time. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Do something especially nice

for your mate to bring mutual happiness and respect. Try to save

more money for later pleasure activities. SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 21) If you impress upon partners how much you like to be with them, you will soon gain added benefits for the future. Be clever in you endeavours.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 21) If you are more thoughtful with fellow associates, you can change the atmosphere around you. Be happy in your family life. CAPRICORN: (December 22 to January 20) Think over what amusements you want to take in and with whom. Be more affectionate with your mate and show that you care for him or ber. AQUARIUS: (January 21 to February 19) This is a fine time for entertaining guests at your home. Add art pieces or colour to your home and make it look more charming and inviting.

PISCES: (February 20 to March 20) State what you desire of allies, and express your ideas for a more prosperous future. Be sure you dress nicely so you make a good impression. Birthstone of December: Turquoise - Zircon

THE Daily Crossword by Harvey Chaw persistency
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Swedish Krona

Belgian Franc

Other Currencies

Bahraini Dipa

Saudi Riyai

Kuwaiti Dinas

Qatari Riyal

Omani Riyal

Egyptian Pound

Greek Drachma

Cypriot Pound

Currency

European Currency Unit

European Curreny Unit

18D Per STC: European Opening or 8.00 a.m. GMT

U.S. Dollar in International Mark

Jordan Times

Çairo Amman Bank



of economic news from the Arabic press

New entity makes it easy to get a loan

☆☆ The Jordan Loan Guarantee Corporation has started its operations and is accepting applications from entrepreneurs of small and medium-size projects. The corporation's objective is to provide an entrepreneur with a guarantee based on a viable project, to obtain a loan from a commercial bank which is usually unwilling to extend credit without some form of a collateral. The guarantee from the corporation would serve as a security required by a bank should the entrepreneur not be able to provide a collateral for the loan. The corporation has a JD 7 million capital spread among 24 shareholders. The Central Bank of Jordan (CBJ) has a JD 3 million equity and the rest belongs to 17 banks, the Social Security Corporation, the Amman Chamber of Commerce, the Amman Chamber of Industry and two insurance companies. CBJ Governor Mohammad Said Nabulsi is the chairman of the board (Al Ra'i).

** Two senior bankers from Barclays Bank PLC are here on a visit that will last until Dec. 10, 1994. The bankers seek to obtain a better understanding of the Jordanian market and will be meeting representatives from the Amman Financial Market, the department responsible for foreign investment, and three leading stockbrokers. The British Bank of the Middle, East is making all the arrangements for the guests.

★★ According to informed sources at the Ministry of Agriculture, a national agricultural statistical survey will be done in 1995 which should lead to more accurate information about the agricultural sector and its development (A! Aswaq).

★★ In some areas in Amman, a kilogramme of toma-toes is selling for 950 fils when the price fixed by the government and published in newspapers is 550 fils for the best quality (Al Aswag).

★★ The head of the society of moneychangers said the society had not taken any decision to ban trading in Israeli shekel. Noting that moneychangers have not yet received the Central Bank decision to lift the ban, he said that the society was ready to deal with the Israelis but that does not mean that the society can force a moneychanger to trade in shekels. He stressed that moneychangers are free to trade in shekel to suit their own interests (Al Aswaq).

★☆ A Romanian business delegation will buy Jordanian medicines worth about \$10 inillion next year from Dar Al Dawa Development and Investment Company. The head of the delegation said about 10 kinds of Jordanian drugs are currently being marketed in Romania. Jordan exported a total of JD 70.4 million worth of drugs last year, compared to JD 54.9 million in 1992 (A) Aswaq).

☆☆ The general assembly of the Arab International Food Factories Company has completed all registration requirements. The company has a JD 6 million capital and will be producing baby food and milk of all kinds under a preliminary agreement which is still being negotiated with an international company. Major shareholders in the company are: The International Arab Company for Education and Investment (JD 600()00) Abdallah Abu Khadijeh (JD 600,000) and Ahmad Khattab (JD 300,000).

amman financial market

BOUSING BANK CENTER ANNAM - SEMEISAMI TELEPHORE: 650170 / 663170 ORGANIZED MARKET SHARL PRICE LIST FOR TUSEDAY 06/12/1994 MORNING SESSION



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COMPANY'S NAME ARAB BANK JORDAN RATIONAL BANK BANK OF JORDAN MIDDLE RAST INVESTMENT BANK. INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK THE BOUSING BANK JORDAN KUWATT BANK JORDAN GULP BANK JORDAN GULP BANK UNION BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT BUSINESS BANK	No. of Shares Traded	VOLUME		PRICE		
ARAS RAWE	-710					
JORDAN MATTOMAY, WAND	90	11,040	184.000	184.000		
BANK OF JORDAN	2,600	11,938	4.600	4.590		
MIDDLE RAST INVESTMENT DAMP	5,600	22,655	3.930	3.900		
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT DAME.	5 445	795	1.620	1.590		
THE BOUSING BANK	4,900	7,749	2.980 5.650 3.050	2.980		
JORDAN KUWAIT BANK	5,250	22,400	5.650	5.600		
JORDAM GULP HANK	1,140	15,013	3.050	3.050		
JORDAN ISLAMIC BANK	2,140	1,910	1-700	1.670		
UNION BANK FOR SAVING & INVESTMENT	3,000	11,135	3.720			
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JORDAN INVESTMENT & FINANCE BANK	250	1 220	5.000	3.720		
WEIT ELMAL SAVINGE INVESTMENT FOR HOUSING	300	1,230	3.000	3.320		
ANDRE BANK FOR INVESTMENT	104.350	150 542	1 560	1.520 .		
PRILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	1.500	2,556	1.500	1.750		
JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER	5.275	9 201	1 580	1.570		
JORDANIAN ELECTRIC POWER / NEW	7.750	11 781	1 520	1.520		
JORDAN HIMER MINERAL	200	296	1.410	1.480		
JORDAN NATIONAL SEIPPING LINES	12,600	41.079	3.280	3.260		
NATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES	900	2.251	2.550	2.490		
REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	1,200	1.682	1.440	1.400		
JORDAN GULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT	2,100	2,658	1.250	1.280		
JORDAN NATIONAL SHIPPING LINES NATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT JORDAN GULF REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT HACHINANY EQUIP. RENTING & MAINTENANCE UNITED HIDDLE EAST & COMPOORE MOTELS ALTANQEEP CONST. MATERIAL MANUFACTURING THE JORDAN EMERNT FACTORIES JORDAN FENGLEUM REFINARY MOOLEN INDUSTRIES THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS	50	42	0.B3D	0.630		
ATTANOPER COVER TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY	10,200	25,542	2.500	2.510		
THE JORDAN CEMENT PARTITION OF	500	650	1.310	1.300		
JORDAN PROSPERTS NINGS	42,133	121,700	2.900	2.880		
JORDAN PETROLEUM REFINARY MOCLEN INDUSTRIES THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS ARAB FHARMACEUTICAL MANUFACTURING JORDAN DAIRY THE JORDAN PIPES MANUFACTURING	6,600	18,015	2.600	2.730		
HOOLEN INDUSTRIES	300	5,382	9.340	9.360		
THE JORDAN WORSTED MILLS	1.531	12 477	1.840 8.250	1.790 8.150		
ARAB PRARMACEUTICAL MANUPACTURING	4.138	25 464	6.170			
JORDAN DAIRY	4.500	10,125	2.320			
JORDAN DAIRY THE JORDAN PIPES HAMUFACTURING JORDAN PAPER & CARDBOARD FACTORIES RAFIA INDUSTRIES	550	1.595	2-900	2.900		
JORDAN PAPER & CARDBOARD PACTORIES	1,000	4,120	4.200	4.120		
RAFIA INDUSTRIES	100	278	2_760	2.780		
DAR AL DAMA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT ARAB INVESTMENT & INERNATIONAL TRADE	600	10,470	17.450	17.450		
ARAB ALUMINUM INDUSTRI	11,400	11,885		1.04D		
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	11,400 650 16,950 3,150 200	4,550	7.200	7.900		
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY ARAU PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	16,950	17,075	1.020	1.000		
NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY	3,150	4,527	1.450			
INTERGEDIATE PETRO-CEPATCAL IMPRESENTA	200	870	4.350			
JORDAN ROCKMOOL INDUSTRIES	7 750	1,617	2.950	2.940		
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JINCO	11 350	2,800	1.610	1.600		
NATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY INTERNACIATE PETRO-CREMICAL INDUSTRIES JONDAN ROCKMOOL INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MARCE/JINCO COCAL SULFEC-CREMICALS ARAB CENTER FOR PERRAL & CHEMICALS KAWTHER INVESTMENT	2,400	5,088	1.610 0.860 2.100	2.120		
ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS	200	568	2.880	2.840		
KANTHER INVESTMENT	6,250	11,578	1.900	1.850		
ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM. & CHEMICALS KAWTHER INVESTMENT UNIVERSAL WODERN INDUSTRIES JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	6,250 2,650 8,750	11,309	4.250	4.270		
JONNAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	8,750	23,905	2.760	2.730		
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GRAND TOTAL	301,305	684,517	4			
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Tokyo

Close

Pate 6/12/94

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USD/Oz JD/Gm

New York

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USD/Oz JD/Gm^o

Central Rank of Jordan Exchange Rate Bulletin

376.50

Tourism agencies promote Cairo sites to avoid troubled south

CAIRO (AFP) - Egyptian tour operators have begun to promote little-known historical sites around Cairo rather than risk their customers' lives at more famous attractions in the troubled south of the country.

The ancient temples of Karanis, the Labyrinth tomb and the Hauwara pyramid, all in Fayum near the capital, are gradually edging out the grander tourist sites in the south in the agencies'

Twelve tourists have been killed by Islamic militants in Egypt since 1992. Most militant attacks take place in

southern provin Fayum. 100 kilometres south of Cairo, "Was a home for fundamentalist activities but has been calm for some time now," said Nadia Sham seddin, a tourism guide.

"The monuments there are in isolated locations and are easy to protect," she explained after a tour of Fayum organised by the union of tourism guides.

The visit was aimed at "refreshing our memory of this region which has been neglected until now in favour of the superb temples of Upper

Egypt," she said.
Tourism guides are counting on the small, wellconserved details of daily life in sites like Karanis to win

tourists over from the lavish royal sites in the south. Karanis, which boasts two small temples dedicated to the crocodile god Sobek, was in 200 B.C. a flourishing community of 3,000 people. Fragments from the village's glass works can be seen

embedded in the ground. Nearby the clay founda-tions and walls of a Graeco-Roman village are still visible. Olive presses are scattered around and an oven still bears traces of soot.

The village's public baths are perfectly conserved, rightdown to decorative mosaics of green and yellow grapes.

A small museum on the way into Karanis displays artefacts from ancient history all the way up to the reign of Faruq, the last king of Egypt.

"Tourists are not disappointed by their visit here," said another tourism guide, Omar Zaki.

"Although the site is not as grandiose as the temples of Middle and Upper Egypt, it shows day-to-day life and therefore the human side of a civilisation which we could only see fixed in stone."

"We are walking on the history of this country," said a veteran guide of 70 years old who would only give her first name, Cleopatra.

It is more difficult however to picture how the 3,000 rooms of the funeral temple of Amenembat III, also known as the Labyrinth, would have looked in the second century B.C. when it was built.

Nothing remains of the maze designed to trap the unwanted visitor except three stone squares from the foundations, and the remains of a brick pyramid tomb.

Egypt's tourism revenue has plunged since Muslim militants launched a campaign of violence in March 1992 to overthrow the secular government of President Hosni Mubarak, which has left more than 510 people

Tourism revenue fell from \$808 million in the first half of 1993 to \$742 million in the same period this year.

Beirut to probe Solidere bribery charge

BEIRUT (R) — Judicial authorities will probe charges by a parliamentary deputy that former members of parliament were bribed to pass a 1991 law setting up the \$3 billion Solidere company rebuilding central Beirut, judicial sources said Tuesday.

Ahmad Taqieddine, senior prosecutor for financial affairs, will also question Najah Wakim, a Christian deputy for a Beirut constituency, on other allegations he made of widespread political corruption and bribery, they

The hearing will be held next Monday, the sources

added. Mr. Wakim told a news conference last week a member of deputies in the previous parliament replaced in 1992 general elections received bribes to vote for law 117 setting up Solidere in December 1991.

Other politicians received Solidere shares worth a million dollars each, Mr. Wakim

On Friday, the day Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri announced his resignation, Mr. Wakim went on television and named two Hariri aides who allegedly handed out the bribes.

Mr. Wakim, one of Mr. Hariri's strongest critics, said a third man was involved. Mr. Hariri withdrew his

resignation Monday after a reconciliation in Damascus with his main opponent par-liament speaker Nabih Berri.

The 1991 Solidere law authorised the company to expropriate 1.6 million square metres of war-damaged city centre property for redevelopment in return for issuing shares to the owners and former tenants at officially-set prices to

owners have objected.

Desert locusts infest Sudan

KHARTOUM (R) — Desert locusts have infested Sudan and are threatening crops in the central, northern and eastern parts of the vast country, a Khartoum newspaper reported Tuesday.

The crop-eating insects. whose numbers have soared during recent heavy rainfalls, have occupied an area covering 10,000 hectares (25,000 acres), the official Al Sudan Al Hadith (modern Sudan) daily said.

It quoted Hassan Abbas. the general manager of the plant protection administration at the ministry of agriculture and natural resources, as saying a campaign to get rid of the pests is due to begin in

the second half of this month. Mr. Abbas has warned that the situation is likely to get worse because swarms of locusts in neighbouring Chad, Mauritania, Mali, Ethiopia and Somalia are expected to invade Sudan.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midsession on the London Foreign Exchange and bullion markets Tuesday.

U.S. \$1.00 costs 1.3728/38 1.5690/00 1.7570/80 1.3236/46 32.27/31 5.3878/28 1619.2/0.2 100.31/41 7.5050/50

One sterling

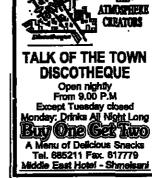
6.8430/80 6.1480/30 \$1.5602/12 One ounce of gold \$376.85/377.35 Canadian dollar Deutschemarks Dutch guilders Swiss francs Belgian francs French francs Italian lire Japanese yen Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

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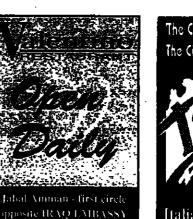
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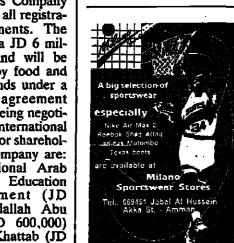
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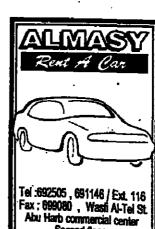












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AC Milan cannot afford to lose to Salzburg

LONDON (AP) — AC Milan's reign as Europe's most powerful soccer team will come to an end Wednesday if it fails to beat modest Austrian club Casino Salz-burg in the Champions

Defending titlist in a com-petition it has won three times in the last six seasons. Milan needs a victory in Salzburg to scramble into the quarterfinal. Otherwise. its season is virtually over. Current form does not

point to success for the starstudded Milanese club, which is low on morale and even trailing well behined in the Italian League it usually dominates.

The team's 2-0 loss to Argentina's Velez Sarsfield Thursday in the World Cup Championship in Tokyo means Milan will likely end the season without a single trophy. It also has been eliminated from the Italian

This is the same team which won the Champions Cup last season," Milan's managing director Adriano Galliani said. "This sudden fall is puzzling all of us." Or maybe it's just the end

The lineup that crushed Barcelona 4-0 in last season's final in Athens, including standout Montenegrin midfielder Dejan Savicevic, all are available for the game in Salzburg. Now Milan needs another performance like the one in the final.

"It's in or out," coach Fabio Capello said. "It's a game we must definitely win. But I can't hide that the team morale is low following the defeat against Velez.'

That was Milan's ninth defeat in its last 21 games and the odds are that Salzburg will join already qualified Ajax Amsterdam in the last eight. Ajax hosts AEK Athens in the other Group D

Other teams already through to the quarterfinals are IFK Goteborg from Group A. Paris Saint Germain from Group B and Benfica and Hajduck Split from Group C.

Goteborg is a surprise qualifier because Barcelona and Manchester United were favoured to advance from the group. Now one of the two powerhouses will be elimin-

United, in third place and a point behind Barcelona. hopes to beat Turkey's Galatasaray at home while the Spanish titlist will try to avoid home loss to the Swedes. The other close battle is in

Group B. Mathematically, even last place Dynamo Kiev can advance if it gains a high-scoring home victory over Bayern Munich. Dynamo has only two points, two fewer than Bavern and second place

Moscow Spartak. But Spartak must travel to standings leader Paris Saint Germain, which has won all five games so far. Victories for Dynamo and PSG will mean the second qualifying place from the group will be decided on goal differential.

In Group C, Benfica, with eight points from five games, travels to Belgium's Anderlecht while Hajduk, six points, hosts Steaua

Although Milan beat Salzburg 3-0 at San Siro, the Italians had the two points taken away by UEFA, soccer's European governing body, because the Casino goalkeeper Otto Konrad was struck on the head by a bottle thrown by a home fan.

Manchester United wingers Ryan Giggs and Lee Sharpe, defender Paul Parker

and Danish goalkeeper Peter Schmeichel all are sidelined

through injury while Mark Hughes and Paul Ince are

Ukrainian winger Andrei

Kanchelskis also may miss

the game against the Turks at

Old Trafford because of a

stomach muscle injury but at least French strikes Eric Can-

Barcelona is striving to overcome a surprise 2-1 loss to

Galatasaray and two winless

performances in the Spanish

League, but it showed with

its 4-0 victory over United a

month ago that it can lift its

performance at the right

"We mustn't be taken by surprise this time," Dutch

sweeper Ronald Koeman

said. "We know the quality

of the opposition, but we also

tona is available.

suspended.

know that when Barcelona is pressed it's always able to respond.

Bayern Munich also is gloomy after a loss to lowly Dynamo Dresden in Bundesliga action at the weekend and club president Franz Beckenbauer says he wants more enterprise from the team. Franz Beckenbauer says he wants more enter-

prise from the team.
"This boring playing around I don't want to see anymore," the former World Cup star said.

We have to change the

team, give it a new face, therefore we'll have to make

a cut at the end of the sea-

Romantsev had told his team

to forget all about what hap-

pens in Kiev between Dyna-

mo and Bayern Munich as his

a winning frame of mind." he

said. "We mustn't depend on

the outcome of Kiev's

Dynamo hopes that striker

Viktor Leonenko, who has

scored three Champions

League goals this season, could be the matchwinner

Eintracht Frankfurt's

chances of reaching the last eight of the UEFA Cup may

be hampered by a dispute

involving three players who

against the Germans.

"I am putting my players in

team faces in-form PSG.

Spartak coach Oleg

Ghanaian captain Anthony Yeboah, Nigeria's Jay

domestic game Saturday.

Okacha and German playmaker Maurizio Gaudino are in dispute with team coach Jupp Heynckes over an extra training session he called last week.

Eintracht goes to Napoli Wednesday defending a 1-0 first leg lead.

Six other UEFA Cup games are being staged Tues-day with another on Thursday and Italy hopes to have four teams in the quarterfinal

Juventus, titlist twice in the last five seasons, has a 3-1 advantage over Austrian team Admira Wacker, and Lazio is 2-1 abead of Turkey's Trabzonspor.

The fourth Italian Club is Parma, which is 1-0 down to Athletic Biblao but riding high atop the domestic league standings. Parma is without broken ankle victim Thomas Brolin but welcomes back Colombian striker Faustino

Real Madrid holds a 3-2 lead over Denmark's Odense while another Spanish club, Deportivo de La Coruna. must defend a 1-0 advantage over Borussia Dortmund without Brazilian star Bebeto, who is suffering from

pneumonia. Germany's Bayer Leverkusen holds a 4-1 lead over Poland's Katowice while, on Thursday, French standings leader Nantes visits Sion cushioned by a 4-0 first leg

NY Knicks forward Charles Smith (right) goes up for a shot in front of Orlando's Shaquille O'Neale #32 during their Dec. 2 game

JOHANNESBURG (AFP) - Lack of spectator support has cast a deep shadow over

attendances. Even the appearance of 1992 African Footballer of the Year Abedi Pele and other European-based stars for Ghana did not entice

> faced a Cameroon team including the legendary Roger

Milla at the weekend in the concluding game of a fournation tournament, fewer than 20,000 supporters

The dismal crowds are blamed on too much live TV coverage, high admission charges and competing forms of entertainment offered by a sophisticated society.

South Africa also lacks a national star like Pele. Kalusha Bwalya of Zambia or Rashidi Yekini of Nigeria to sell football to an audience.

limited number of largely decaying stadiums, South Africa boasts many internationalstandard venues.

led Ellis Park rugby stadium for a match to celebrate the inauguration of Nelson Mandela as president, and World Cup rivals Nigeria attracted good crowds.

involving 32 matches. South Africa have also told

world governing body FIFA they are interested in hosting the World Cup finals, which have never been awarded to Africa, in 2006.

However, unless there is a dramatic increase in crowd support, 1996 Nations' Cup matches involving less glamorous nations could be fought in front of empty

And after the remarkably high attendances at the 1994 World Cup in the United States, FIFA would be unlikely to risk handing their showpiece to a land of armchair fans.

NBA runner-up NY Knicks off to slow start

WASHINGTON (Agencies) - Patrick Ewing and the New York Knicks finished one victory shy of the National Baskeball Association title last season.

Now they are struggling to stay within reach of faststarting Orlando and trying to hold off Boston in the league's Atlantic Division.

"We're just trying to get turned on and playing with intensity. That's what it's all about," said coach Pat Riley, whose Knicks and Los Angeles Laker clubs have never failed to win a division crown.

Ewing and guard John Starks are off to sub-par starts. Ewing has been hampered by a knee injury. Starks is making only 38 per cent of his shots.

"John has been working on his shots. I just let him go, Ewing said. "It's going to come around. I kid him, bust his chops now and then. But its in fun."

This season the team has had to search for the chemistry which came naturally last season. That was when the Knicks reached the league final, falling to Houston in the game seven of the title

series. Last week, Riley was taking a softly-softly approach to

the problem.
"We have to stop passing judgement on every single thing every player does on the floor. Riley said. "That's one problem with this team. We're too judgemental."

Then came a a devastating 125-100 loss to division rivals Orlando on Friday night, and suddenly Riley got tough.
On Saturday, he benched Starks and gave him a public dressing-down when Starks failed to hustle back on defense after having a shot blocked by Washington's Scott Skiles, who went on to

score a three-pointer.

Riley's lecture seemed to work, and when Starks got back in the game nine minutes later he hit all four of his attempts as the Knicks beat the bullets 111-95. But even that victory could not soothe the sting of the

loss in Orlando. "It feels good, but it's not totally satisfying," said for-ward Charles Smith, who scored 23 points on Saturday. 'It was a good win, but we have to look at the overall picture. And in Orlando, we

hit rock bottom.' The Knicks desperately need Ewing's 20.4-point average — the lowest since his rookie season — to improve. His 8.4-rebounds a game average is his lowest in

seven seasous. Our rebounding is down from everybody across the board," Riley said. "Patrick concentrates on going to the boards and that's when it comes back. We're going to

need more of that." Winning is the only treatment the Knicks need, according to Ewing.

"We want to build on every win," he said. "We're playing well, but we have to come out and get a good team spririt going."

That means more outside help from Derek Harper, whose arrival last year secured the Knicks' backcourt. and forwards Charles Oakley

The Knicks have a chance to improve in the week ahead, with five games against teams with losing records.

Their next clash with Orlando is on February 5, a game they are already anti-

cipating. "I don't think that game is out of our system." Smith said. "It won't be out of our system until we play them

again. Riley wants his team to concentrate on execution,

not rivalries. "We know who we are." Riley said. "We just have to execute. We're not where we will be at the end of the seasons. We have a lot of work to do. We need to concentrate on defence and rebounding and we need to sustain it.

Pressure on LA Clippers

The pressure is really on now for the Los Angeles Clippers. One more loss, and they've

matched the worst start in NBA history. One more loss, and they're

worse than laughingstocks. One more loss, and they're

The Clippers dropped to 0-16 Monday night with a 115-83 loss to the Charlotte Hornets, next up is the Milwaukee Bucks Wednesday, a game Los Angeles needs to win to avoid tying the Miami Heat's 0-17 start in its first season. That streak, ironical-, ended when they beat the

Clippers. "Everybody's so frustrated. We all know the streak is hanging over us and we all don't want to be remembered that way." centre

Matt Fish said. Larry Johnson scored 18 1 points and Hersey Hawkins added 17 for the Hornets. who are 8-4 since their 0-3 start and have surrendered fewer than 100 points in a club-record seven straight

games. Hawkins powered Charlot-te to a 37-22 lead through one quarter with 11 points. The clips got as close as 10 points with seven minutes left in the first half, but they never got nearer as the Hornets broke it open with a 13-2 run and opened an 83-56 lead with 25 seconds left in the third quar-

Lamond Murray scored 14 points for Los Angeles. which has dropped 20 straight games overall and 30 of 32 since March 25

New coach Bill Fitch hasn't helped.

"Some of us are just gluttons for punishment. Charlotte centre Robert Parish said with a chuckle after the

"One thing about Bill is that he always thrives and blossoms in situations like this. He seems to be motivated by rebuilding a programme and getting it off the

ground. In his first season with the Clippers. Fitch has eclipsed the 0-15 start he had with the expansion Cleveland Cavaliers as a rookie NBA coach in 1970. He has since gone on to coach more games than anyone in league history.

Arlington racetrack will not open in '95

CHICAGO (AP) - Arlington International Racecourse, one of the top thoroughbred tracks in the United States, will not open next vear because its owner was not granted a riverboat casino licence.

Owner Richard Duchossois said Monday time ran out on his two-year effort to protect Illinois horse racing and breeding from competi-tion from riverboat gambling when the legislature adjourned last week.

'We put forward a plan to save quality racing in Illinois. but it was not to be," he said. "Others offered no alternative options, plans or proposals. We failed.'

His announcement was immediately followed by talk of trying to get the track reopened through legislative action.

Duchossois said parimutuel betting has dwindled because of competition from riverboats and the quality of racing is suffering.

He said with competition from a riverboat casino in Elgin, the Arlington Heights Racecourse faced two unacceptable probabilities in 1995 - the demise of highclass racing in Illinois as well as the loss of the Arlington Million and 19 other graded stakes races.

Duchossois also said the track faced a projected 1995 operating loss of \$6 million to

"After 11 years of hard work to build world-class racing in the Chicagoland area, we are unwilling to preside over its demise," he said. Mark Gordon, a spokes-

man for Illinois Senate President James "Pate" Philip, said he hoped Duchossois would reconsider. 'We don't want to lose any major employer in the state," Gordon said. "It'd be a real

tragedy if Arlington would Gordon said that starting with the next legislative session "we'd be willing to consider any reasonable package

to keep the horse-racing industry viable in Illinois."
Mike Lawrence, a spokesman for Gov. Jim Edgar, said the decision was detrimental

to Illinois horse racing. "Mr. Duchossois was not interested in anything short of having all of his demands met," Mr. Lawrence said.

The Illinois House speaker in the next legislative session, Rep. Lee Daniel, said from Springfield: "We're still hoping something can be done so

Duchossois last week met with Edgar in an effort to broker a deal on riverboat gambling that would keep Arlington Open.

Empty stadiums haunt hosts of top African tournament

EUROPEAN SOCCER

South African football just one year before they host the 1996 African Nations' Cup

On a continent where most national teams regularly perform in front of huge crowds, South Africa have consistent-, ly failed to attract large

more than 15,000 fans to Pretoria last month.

And when South Africa

who can choose from an array of sports. Ironicaly, while spectators in other countries pack into a

Since returning to international football in July 1992 after almost three decades of apartheid-induced isolation. South Africa have played at nine venues, including three

in Johannesburg.
But only Zambia, who fil-

When South Africa replaced cash-strapped Kenya as Nations' Cup hosts last month, they inherited an expanded, 16-team tournament

SPORTS IN BRIEF

Sampras races home

MUNICH (AFP) — World number one Pete Sampras raced to a straight sets win over Jaime Yzaga of Peru Tuesday in his opening match at the six million dollar Grand Slam Cup. Sampras, winner of more than \$3.6 million in prize money this year and the victor at the Australian Open, Wimbledon and the ATP Tour finals, won 6-2, 6-4 in 56 minutes. The Peruvian had beaten Sampras in the fourth round at the U.S. Open.

Former British champion to ride in Japan

TOKYO (R) - Former British champion jockey Michael Roberts is seeking a three-month contract to ride in Japan from early next year, a Japanese sports newspaper said Tuesday. Nikkan Sports said the South African-born jockey, who won the prestigious King George VI and Queen Elizabeth Diamond Stakes in 1988 and 1992, is expected to compete in Japanese races for three months beginning next February. British jockey Alan Munro, who won the 1991 Epsom Derby on Generous, completed a three-month riding stint in Japan last weekend, having earned 14.5 million yen (\$145,000) and having won 14 races

Japanese swansong for Baresi.

ROME (AFP) - AC Milan and Italy captain Franco Baresi is expected to play in the Japanese J-League next season, Italian television said Tuesday. The 34-year-old, whose missed penalty contributed to Italy's World Cup final defeat to Brazil in Los Angeles in July, has only just announced his retirement from international football.

Baresi was believed to be negotiating an 18-month contract with Yokohama Flugels. The Japanese club was also reported to be interested in Baresi's former Milan teammate Ruud Gullit, now with Sampdoria, and Brazil's German-based World Cup captain Carlos Dunga. AS Rome defender Fabio Petruzzi, 24, was seen as Baresi's likely replacement at Milan.

Group denies deal to move Rams from LA

ST. LOUIS (AP) — The group trying to bring a National Football League team to St. Louis has denied reports that a deal had been finalised with the Los Angeles Rams. Former Sen. Thomas F. Eagleton, point man for Fans Inc., said at a news conference on Monday that while he was still confident that a deal could be worked out. It was far from being finalised. ESPN had reported on a pregame show on Sunday that Fans Inc. had closed a deal with the Rams late last week. Rams president John Shaw told reporters in Los Angeles on Sunday that many details remained to be resolved and that no decision on a move would be made for "at least a couple of weeks."

French midfielder sidelined with injury

NAPLES (AP) - Alain Boghossian, the French midfielder of Italian first-division Napoli, may be sidelined for the rest of the 1994-95 season following a serious knee injury suffered in Sunday's league game against Torino. Napoli doctors reported Monday that the 24-year-old player. formerly of Marseille, damaged his right knee tendons following a play incident and will need several months to

Stich sets up AIDS foundation

STUTTGART (AFP) - German tennis star Michael Stich deposited 500,000 marks (\$320,000) from his own winnings to establish a foundation for child AIDS sufferers here Monday. The Stich Foundation will help ease the suffering of the children, said the world number nine, "give them something to wipe away their tears and make them laugh." Top players will compete in a tournament in Mannheim in February to raise funds for the cause, he said, adding "with capital growth, the foundation will help child AIDS cases for decades to come."

NHL negotiators resume talks

CHICAGO (AP) - Negotiators for hockey players and owners resumed negotiations Monday with time running out to salvage a season. Stalemated talks broke off Friday. and owners and players agreed it was best to spend the weekend canvassing their constituents. Both sides have agreed on certain concepts, but the gap is considerable on the issues of salary arbitration, a rookie salary cap and free agency. As for a deadline to reach a new collective bargaining agreement, some general managers feel a deal has to be done by the end of the week. Others believe they have until Christmas to work things out. For months, the NHLPA said there would not be a rookie salary cap, but the Union has given in and the sticking point now is level of

Troubled Marseille to have new president

MARSEILLE (R) — Troubled Marseille will have a new president, sources close to the former European soccer champions said Tuesday. Marseille have been without a president since the French Federation banned business tycoon Bernard Tapie over a bribery scandal last July. The new president is well known in soccer and media circles and will not be current deputy president Jean-Louis Levreau, the sources said without elaborating. Marseille were relegated to the second division after being accused of bribing opponents Valenciennes to throw a key league

match in May last year. Papin back for France

PARIS (AFP) — France, yet to score in their first three games, recall Jean-Pierre Papin to lead their attack in a European Championship qualifying match against Azerbaijan Dec. 13. Eric Cantona, criticised for a series of indifferent performances, keeps the captaincy. France have won three and drawn four games under the Manchester United forward's command. Papin won his 52nd and last cap against Japan in May when he scored his 29th international goal. He has been plagued by injury since moving from AC Milan to Bayern Munich in the summer. The Group One match is being played at Trabzon, Turkey, because of fears for safety in Azerbaijan. France's first three qualifying matches, against Slovakia, Romania and Poland, all ended 0-0.

Australian coaches call for 4-year ban on Chinese

BRISBANE (R) — Australia's swimming coaches will ask the sport's world governing body FINA to ban Chinese swimmers from international competition for four years following seven positive tests at last month's Asian games. The ban would include the 1996 Atlanta Olympics and the 1998 World Championships in Perth, Australia.

GOREN BRIDGE

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Opening lead: Jack of a
Don't overlook any extra chance
that might help you land a contract.
You need every bit of help you can

get.
After South's reverse bid of two
hearts. North's three-club prefernears, teorus three-club prefer-ence was game-forcing in the mod-ern style—the signoff would have been two no trump. South probed for a no-trump game by showing the spade fragment, but North, with no diamond stopper, wisely selected the suit game.

the suit game. West led the jack of spades. There were sure losers in spades and dia-monds, so the success of the con-tract seemed to depend on either a 3-3 heart break or else negotiating a heart ruff in dummy. Declarer won the first spade trick in hand, dress two rounds of trumps with the king and queen and then cashed the ace and king of hearts.

When declarer next led a heart from dummy. East ruffed and re-turned a spade. Since declarer had turned a spade. Since usciarer and no entry to hand to use the queen of hearts for a spade diseard, the de-fenders were able to take a diamond and a spade for down one. Declarer was on the right track

Declarer was on the right track. South's inistake came at trick one—the spade lead should have been won until dummy's ace. The play then proceeds as above with one aight difference. If East ruffs the third difference. If East ruffs the third heart and reverts to a spade, declarer was in hand, discards a spade on the queen of hearts and ruffs a spade for the fulfilling trick.

It does not help East to refuse to ruff the third heart. Declarer ruffs the fourth heart with the ten of trumps and loses only a spade and a diamond trick.

that we can see racing at Arlington in the future."



up N

slow start

Ramtha score only goal in Jordan Cup semifinals

AMMAN (J.T.) — Al Faisali and Al Hussein were held to a paless draw in their Jordan Cup semifinal at Amman ternational Stadium. In the other match, Al Ramina gored a 1-0 victory over Al Arabi in Irbid. Mouffing Abu Hdeib scored the match's sole goal in the

The top four teams will now play the second leg of the semificals to determine the top two teams that will clash in the final for the 15th Jordan Cup title.

U.S. Major Leaguers strong on rhetoric

ATLANTA (R) - Striking Major League Baseball players were strong on rhetoric Monday, vowing never to agree to the owners' demands for a salary cap and other give backs in their dispute with owners.

There is a good chance to this point that we are not going to be playing in 1995," said Milwaukee Brewers pitcher Bob Scanlan, after first of three days of meetings between players which drew 78 big leaguers

Monday. "We will never give in to the owners even if it means sitting out next year, and maybe never playing again," Scanlan said.

Federal mediator William Usery will meet with the players in an attempt to get them to prepare a new proposal for the owners when negotiations resume on Friday in a suburb of New York

City.

The ability of the players to come up with a plan could be the last hope for a mutual settlement before the owners impose a salary cap. The owners, bowing to pressure from Usery, last week decided to delay their decision on whether to implement their salary cap plan.

The latest proposal by the owners consists of taxes on revenues and payrolls to fund the small market teams. But players association head Donald Fehr has said the proposal "does not appear markedly different from a salary cap.

"I have to make personal decisions based on the possi-bility of not playing in 1995," said Boston Red Sox star pitcher Roger Clemens. "We are determined to do whatever it takes, including not pitching and seeing our careers end."

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Magazine claims Otto part of E. German doping programme

NEW YORK (AP) — Olympic star Kristin Otto and other members of East Germany's record-shattering women's swimming teams were part of a systematic doping programme, according to secret police records published in an American

The December issue of Swimming World carries re-sults from the Stasi, the East German secret police, showing Otto, winner of six gold medals at the 1988 Olympics, with steroid levels almost three times the limit needed

to trigger a positive result. It also quoted a chemist familiar with the Stasi documents as saying they prove that every top East German athlete used performanceenhancing drugs, adminis-tered at scientifically determined intervals to avoid, drug tests.

Otto's ratio of testosterone to epitestosterone of 17-1 topped a list of test results from Aug. 9, 1989, that also included world-class swim-mers Daniela Hunger (12.5-1). Dagmar Hase (10-1) and Heike Friedrich (8.8-1), according to Stasi documents

quoted in the magazine.

Anything over a 6-1 ratio is considered illegal under doping guidelines set by the International Olympic Commit-

"Otto had more testosterone in her than the entire starting team of the Dalias Cowboys," said Phillip Whitten, the magazine's editor in

cle. "It's no wonder she was able to win six gold medals at

the Seoul Olympics."
Whitten said that although Otto has long ago retired from swimming. It was important to publicise the findings because of drug tests that are now finding Chinese swimmers using steroids to help break records and win world championships.

Chinese would be sloppy, but I'm happy that they were because they were caught," Whitten said in a telephone interview from his office in Sedona, Arizona

chief and author of the arti-

East Germany's central doping control laboratory.

Old East German coaches have helped set up the Chinese swimming program-

"I can't believe that the

A copy of the Stasi document accompanying the article showed the swimmers' tests with the German word "positive" after each. The report was signed by Dr. have outline wide, state-Claus Clausnitzer, director of supported system of boosting

East Germany dominated women's swimming in the 1970s and '80s, with stars such as Otto and Kornelia Ender routinely winning gold medals and then passing drugs tests, only one top East German swimmer, 1988 Olympic silver medalist Astrid Strauss, ever failed a doping examination, and that was at a national championship in 1992, after Germany had been united follow-

ing the collapse of the Berlin

East German athletes per-formances through outlawed

drugs. But Swimming World

said the documents it

obtained through an uniden-tified source were the first to

detail the programme and in-

clude such high-ranking

The magazine also quoted

Dr. Warner Franke, a Ger-

man biochemist and member

of a national commission in-

vestigating Stasi files, as

saying that the police docu-ments "prove witout a doubt

athletes as Otto.

that every single East Ger-man world class athlete was doped.' For the last three years, reports based on Stasi files and personal recollections

The magazine offered no documents to support Franke's assertion.

Franke was also quoted as saying East German scientists. administered drugs on the basis of "clearance curves," which predicted when the last traces of steroids would leave an athletes system.

Steroids help athletes by building muscle and aiding recovery from the wear and tear of injuries or normal? workouts. Testosterone is a normally occurring male hormone that can be naturally present in women, but only in ratios of about 1-1 with

English players head anti-drugs campaign

LONDON (R) — England striker Alan Shearer and several of his international teammates Monday backed a video campaign to prevent the growing threat of wide-spread drug abuse in British SOCCET.

The video, designed to help young players avoid the temptation of drugs, was launched two weeks after Arsenal and England striker Paul Merson admitted to

being addicted to cocaine. Shearer, whose goals have helped take Blackburn to the top of the Premier League, was backed by Liverpool winger John Barnes and Newcastle striker Andy Cole as well as leading managers George Graham of Arsenal and Joe Royle of Everton.

They all took part in the production of a three-part film, commissioned by the Professional Footballers' Association (PFA), which forms the core of a special

anti-drugs pack being sent to

every club in England.
In the film, Shearer warned of the perils of drugs.
"You just don't need them." he said. "It's never entered my mind to take drugs and if you want to go all the way to the top, my message is don't even think about taking

PFA chief executive, Gordon Taylor, backed the film and the campaign, but stres-sed that the results of random tests in the last two years showed that professional soccer in England was free of performance-enhancing

He said the big threat was from so-called recreation drugs which could be used by young players entering the game

Taylor revealed that several clubs had contacted the PFA and expressed suspicions about young players' behaviour and absences from training. Taylor conceded: "It's slightly more of a problem than we anticipated."

This, he said, was one of the main reasons why drugstesting had been switched from post-match to random tests at training grounds for all players. "If there is a problem, we can choose to target tests and have done that on occasion," he said.

Speaking after the players' annual meeting in Manchester, Taylor also defended the sympathetic treatment promised to players with a drugs

LA Raiders upset Chargers 24-17

SAN DIEGO (AP) — The Los Angeles Raiders spoiled San Diego's fun Monday night with Jeff Hostetler's 6yard touchdown pass to Rocket Ismail with 7:23 left giving them a 24-17 victory over the Chargers.

The Chargers (9-4) needed a victory to clinch their second AFC west title in three seasons. The Raiders, meanwhile, needed a victory to stay alive in the scrambled playoff picture and joined four other AFC teams with 7-6 records.

A record crowd of 63,012 hoped to celebrate a division title for the Chargers, but the Raiders won at Jack Murphy stadium for the fourth time in five years.

Ismail's second TD catch of the night came at the end of an 81-yard, nine-play drive on which Hostetler completed passes of 31 and 16 yards to Tim Brown. Ismail also caught a 6-yard scoring pass from Vince Evans in the second quarter.

The Chargers began their final drive to their 8-yard line with 1:28 to play and got to the Los Angeles 48 before a holding penalty moved them back. Aaron Wallace sacked Stan Humphries to end the

The Raiders outscored San-Diego 10-3 in the fourth' quarter. The fourth quarter had been a problem for the Raiders, who had been outscored 98-49 in their 12 previous fourth periods.

The Chargers squadered two big opportunities in the second half. Natrone Means' halfback

pass from the Raider 19;

sailed way over the head of wide-open Shannon Mitchell, and Means fumbled two plays



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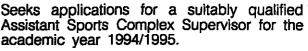
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of February 1995. The application forms are to be withdrawn from and addressed to the Cultural Section of the French Embassy, Amman, before the 6th of January

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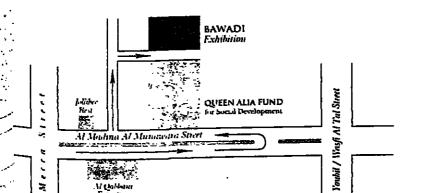
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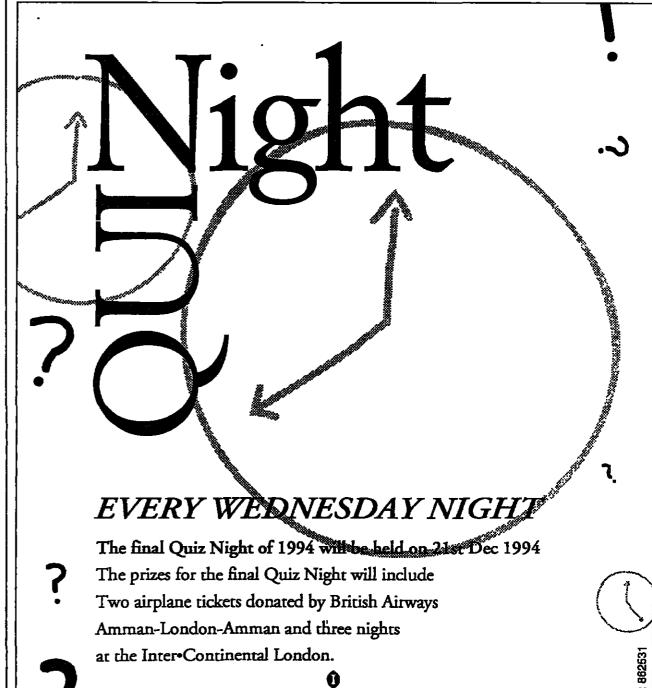


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King Hussein: Jordan grateful for Dutch support

Your Majesty Queen Beatrix, Your Royal Highness Prince Our dear friends.

It is a privilege and a pleasure for me on behalf of Noor and for myself, on behal of the people and the government of Jordan, to welcome you amongst us on this State Visit to Jordan as dear friends, as old friends and as good friends.

We are ever proud of the relations that have linked us over the years and that have grown between us and between our countries and peoples. There are many memories of your previous visit to Jordan, and long ago before that, of the very first time I went to Europe and the west to study, following the loss of Jordan's founder, a man of peace, my late grandfather. to fulfil his wish that I should study with my late cousin the King of Iraq at Harrow in England.

I went to Damascus on the way and I was the guest of KLM, the Royal Dutch airlines which took me to Amsterdam where I saw a beautiful city, during the tulip season, and where I had the opportunity to gain an impression that has never faded, and then on to Eng-

Over the years I've had the privilege and the pleasure of seeing this friendship grow between our countries and ourselves and our families and I hope that this will be the case in all the years to come. Beyond that there are many ties and there are many common interests; a paramount one is care of the environment. I remember Your Majesty, having the privilege of representing Jordan at the Hague Conference which showed and reflected the concern of those who participated there in the future of our planet and its people and its resources and beyond that, the cause of

It is more than 16 years since,

under very different cir-

cumstances, my husband and

I paid an official visit to

Jordan. Our State Visit now

is not only an opportunity for

us to see your country again,

but also a reunion with you

and the Queen, the Crown

Prince and Princess, and the

other members of your fami-

ly. Fortunately there have

been very regular, warm per-

sonal meetings between our

families, during the past

years and the younger gen-

eration is also following our

good example. We look back

with pleasure and gratitude

to the many occasions on

which we have been able to

welcome you in our country.

I would particularly like to

recall your official visit in

1984 and your participation

in the Hague summit confer-

ence on the Protection of the

Global Atmosphere in 1989.

That is why this visit is not

only a happy reunion for us.

but also the confirmation of a

close friendship between our

families — a friendship for

. In 1988, Your Majesty,

you addressed the European

Parliament in Strasbourg on

the role of Jordan in the Middle East. You said then:

"we have followed every

avenue, exploited every

opportunity, and bent over

which we are grateful.

peace in this region and in the

world. I am happy that after all these years your visit comes to this country following the fulfillment of a dream, as far as I was concerned throughout my life, of the establishment of peace in this region. for its peoples. We have taken one additional step ... (along with) our Palestinian brethren, whom we have supported and will continue to support to the best of our ability to recover their rights on their legitimate soil. We have taken a step to establish an honourable peace that has restored to us our land and the fair share of our water. Beyond that, (as) result of our common endeavours in both countries and desire to see an end to the fighting, to the turmoil, to the uncertain-

ty with which we lived. (So our legacy for the future generations is) the comprehensive peace which we are certain will arrive to this area and to this land and where Jerusalem hopefully will become the essence and the meaning of peace be-tween the followers of the three great monotheistic religions, the Abrahamic reli-

We hope that a solution will encompass the rights of Palestinians on their soil and land and in terms of the implementation of Security Council resolution 242, and we hope that Jerusalem can become a symbol of peace between the Palestinians and Israelis, the Arabs and the Israelis and all the followers of the three great monotheistic religions.

We know how concerned, Your Majesty, you have been personally with the issue of peace in this region, and we know that during the very difficult times that we have passed and our march has not been easy, nor has it been smooth, but this is a turbulent part of the world. We value, above all, the friends

Queen Beatrix: Peace

who stood by us, who understood us time and again, and who stood by us during times of difficulty. There is no way by which we can repay the warmth and the hospitality we received from you and your government and people, and it is indeed above value. It is something that we trea-sure and cherish for all the times to come.

I am happy that (regarding) the economic dimension last year, the volume of trade was \$108 million. I hope it will grow in the times ahead as well as in all fields.

In terms of peace, where our troops serve jointly with the U.N., we in Jordan are rated as the fifth country in the world in terms of the size of its contribution to peace efforts in the world and the second in the former Yugos-

With regard to peace in this region, of peace in the world and with regard to the environment and the future of mankind I hope that we will continue to work together to see the fullfilment of many further dreams and hopes and aspirations for all of us. This is our commitment and we will do whatever we can for the future. We are dedicated to the cause of generations to come.

Your Majesty, Your Royal Highness I know how much this visit means to Noor and me and to Jordanians as it comes at this particular time when you must be and you are, and we are very concerned and worried about the health of Prince Bernard, your dear and beloved father. Nonetheless, that you have honoured us with this visit is something that we always will remember and cherish in the times ahead. We pray for his good health and that of your

dear mother as well. Once again, I bid you a very hearty welcome on behalf of all of us. May God

bless you...



Prince Hassan receive Israeli Likud Party leader Benjamin

story page 1)

Christopher tells Israel, Syria: No going back now

TEL AVIV (Agencies) — U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher told Israel and Syria on Tuesday there could be no going back now in the search for Middle East

"We must continue to move forward there is no going back," he told reporters upon arrival at Tel Aviv's Ben Gurion airport after more than four hours of talks with President Hafez Al Assad in Damascus.

"To accept the status quo would only allow these extremists to prevail and would miss the historic opportunity to achieve a comprehensive peace in the Middle East.

"And an opportunity that is not likely to come again. Mr. Assad said Thursday that if he had to choose between the status quo and yielding to Israel's demands. "I would chose the current

Mr. Rabin riposted Friday that if Mr. Assad preferred the status quo no one could impose peace on him.

The status quo is not an

this year to try to break the peace deadlock. The secretary was to brief Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister

will only invite more terror,"

said Mr. Christopher on his

seventh Middle East shuttle

Shimon Peres on Wednesday before going to Gaza City to see PLO Chairman Yasser Mr. Christopher was slated

to leave Israel early Thursday. It was unclear if he would return to Damascus. Before leaving Damascus Mr. Christopher told the state-run SANA news agency that Mr. Assad was "serious"

in his determination to achieve peace. "We are trying to clarify all the questions," Mr. Christ-opher said. He declined to

elaborate. Mr. Assad's spokesman, Gebran Kurieh, also said the talks were "serious" and that Mr. Christopher and the president "exchanged views on ways of pushing forward

U.S. Middle East coordi-

Foreign Minister Farouk Al Sharaa attended the meeting. U.S.-mediated peace talks between Syria and Israel have been deadlocked over the terms and extent of a withdrawal from the Golan Heights, which the Jewish state conquered in the 1967

Mr. Assad, who spoke by telephone Sunday with U.S. President Bill Clinton, has been unflinching in his demand that Israel must first agree to pull out from the Golan Heights before peace talks progress.

Arab-Israeli war.

A war of words erupted between Israel and Syria, with both countries blaming one another for the stalemate and threatening to stop nego-

Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres said on Tuesday "the Syrians still think we have to agree to all their demands and then start nego-

"No country in the world Why should we give them anything?" Mr. Peres said.

Hariri back in

BEIRUT (R) - Billionaire

"I stress that I am with

This ended five days of

But Mr. Hariri gave no details of a Syrian-brokered deal ending the crisis, which unleashed a \$300-million run on the Lebanese pound and unprecedented corruption

There was no indication that he won his demand at reconciliation talks in the Svrian capital for a new government or at least a reshuffle ousting his most belligerent

opponents. But the jovial, 48-year-old

This suggested that Syrian leaders may have given guarantees that Mr. Berri, his chief rival, and opponents in the cabinet will collaborate

He was quoted as saying last week that Lebanon was ungovernable and he was adamant that he would not carry on, but he changed his

business

Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri reversed his resignation decision on Tuesday, saying he will cooperate with top leaders to carry on rebuilding Lebanon from the mins of civil war.

President (Elias) Hrawi and Speaker (Nabih) Berri... and we will not allow the situation to remain in the same atmosphere that prevailed lately." Mr. Hariri said in a televised statement.

political and financial turmoil after Mr. Hariri's announcement on Friday that he was resigning because of what aides called "deep rifts" with Mr. Bern whom they blamed for blocking Mr. Hariri's reconstruction efforts.

charges by rival politicians.

construction tycoon spoke with confidence of a new era of cooperation with rivals whom he bitterly accused last week of blocking his projects for rebuilding Lebanon from the ruins of the 1975-90 civil

with Mr. Hariri in future.

mind on Tuesday.

answer to violence or terror it nator Dennis Ross and Syrian Israeli soldier killed in S. Lebanon

MARJAYOUN, Lebanon (AP) — An Israeli soldier was killed and another wounded in fighting in South Lebanon Tuesday as U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher began a Middle East peace shuttle, Lebanese

security sources reported. Israeli authorities said that one soldier was seriously wounded, but made no mention of a fatality in the attack on the Israeli-occupied sector in the flashpoint region.

The security sources. speaking on condition of anonymity, said guerrillas detonated a roadside bomb near Beaufort Castle, built by the Crusaders in the Middle Ages, as an Israeli army patrol passed.

The sources said the two Israeli casualties were airlifted by military helicopter to Rambam hospital in northem Israel and shortly after the 4:15 p.m. (1415 GMT) ambush.

The wounded soldier's condition was not immediately known, they reported. Later, Israeli helicopter gunships and artillery fired

on ravines and suspected guerrilla trails near the ambush scene on the edge of the central sector of the Israelis' self-designated "security zone" along the

NEWS IN BRIEF

sponsibility for the ambush, but it bore all the hallmarks of the Shi'ite Muslims Hizboliah, or party of God. The pro-Iranian guerrilla group, like Tehran, opposes the Middle East peace process.

There was no claim of re-

Tuesday's attack came as Mr. Christopher arrived in Damascus for talks with Syrian President Hafez Ál Assad on ways to push forward stalled negotiations between Syria and Israel.

The almost daily violence in South Lebanon, the last active Arab-Israeli warfront. usually escalates when senior U.S. officials visit the region to promote the peace effort.

UAE to take islands row to international court LONDON (R) - The United Arab Emirates (UAE) said

it would refer its dispute with Iran over three Gulf islands to the International Court of Justice, hours after Tehran said it planned to establish courts on one of them. The UAE had been forced to take the step "because of Iranian intransigence and its strong unwillingness to end its occupation of the three islands," Foreign Affairs Under-Secretary Sayf Said said in a statement Monday night to the Kuwaiti News Agency, KUNA, monitored by the BCC. Iran's decision to set up ordinary and revolutionary courts would strengthen the presence of Iranian state institutions on the Gulf island of Abu Musa, which Iran has been running jointly with UAE member Sharjah under a 1971 agreement. Iran, which says its right over Abu Musa and the Greater and Lesser Tumb islands is "eternal and definite", has rejected earlier proposals to refer the dispute to the International Court of Justice. Iranian Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati, in remarks published in Iran News newspaper Monday, said dialogue was the only way to settle the dispute.

Tunis to host arms control meeting

TUNIS (AFP) - A new round of multilateral talks on disarmament and security in the Middle East will open here on Dec. 13, attended by delegates from 44 countries, officials said Tuesday. It will be the seventh meeting of the working group on arms control — one of five multilateral groups set up at the October 1991 Madrid conference which launched the peace process. The three-day meeting was arranged last month by experts from 17 countries including Israel and Palestinian officials. They agreed on a document to be presented at the Tunis meeting, which refers to accords on communications, information exchanges on military activities, incidents at sea, research and rescue work. Syria and Lebanon are boycotting the multilateral meetings. The other working groups are on economic cooperation, water resources, the environment and re-

Israelis oppose U.S. troops on Golan

TEL AVIV (AFP) -- Nearly seven out of 10 Israelis are against the stationing of U.S. troops on the Golan Heights to monitor a peace agreement, according to a poll published Tuesday. Only 15 per cent favoured putting American soldiers on the strategic plateau while the remainder voiced no opinion in the survey for the Begin-Sadat Centre for Strategic Studies at Tel Aviv's Bar Ilan University. Sixty per cent also opposed a full with-

drawal from the heights, which Syria has steadfastly demanded, while just over 23 per cent back a total pullout. The poll was released just hours before U.S. Secretary of State Warren Christopher's expected arrival in Jerusalem from Damascus on a seventh bid this year to bring peace to the two neighbours. Israel has offered a phased pullout from part of the plateau with security arrangements monitored by the United States.

German President Herzog arrives in Israel

TEL AVIV (R) - German President Roman Herzog arrived in Israel Tuesday for a two-day visit, the second by a German head of state since World War II. Mr. Herzog, who will visit Israel's memorial for the six million Jews killed by Nazis during World War II, was met by Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres at Tel Aviv's airport, The two men and Mr. Herzog's wife, Christiane, were whisked off to Jerusalem and did not speak to reporters. Mr. Herzog, who was scheduled to visit the Yad Vashem Holocaust Memorial later Tuesday, said last week he would not shirk from addressing Nazi evils nor neo-Nazi violence in modern Germany. The visit is his first to a country outside Europe since taking office in July. It is a sign, his office says, of the special character of German-Israeli relations. Israeli President Ezer Weizman will personally accompany Mr. Herzog on all his official engagements, a gesture that the Israeli ambassador in Bonn, Avraham Primor, described in an interview with the Die Welt daily as "extremely unusual."

Tempers fray as leaders compete for rooms

BUDAPEST (R) - Mon-

day's CSCE summit was sup-posed to be about good feed-ings and good neighbouri-ness, but the narrow corridors and rooms of the **Budapest Convention Centre** quickly had the participants fighting for territory. Soon after the two-day summit opened Austrian President Thomas Klestil, chairing a plenary session, appealed to leaders to stop holding informal bilateral meetings in the hall because it was disturbing the formal proceedings. Later in the day, however, tempers boiled over. A bilateral meeting Monday between German Chancellor Helman Kohl and British Prime Minister John Major, scheduled to take 30 minutes, dragged on for over an hour. Bright television camera lights and a phalanx of burly bodyguards announced the arrival of Czech President Vaclav Havel and Georgian President Eduard Shevardnadze. who had booked the room next. "The president of the Republic of Georgia is waiting," a furious representative of Mr. Shevardnandze hissed at a German bodyguard who stood protectively across the doors of the room. "We had the right to this room two minutes ago." As two sets of security men silently eyed each other up, the German stood impassive. "Herr Kohland Mr. Major are aware that the presidents are waiting and will come out when they are ready," he said. "We've got a problem with outraged Georgians on our hands," a member of Mr. Major's team murmured to a colleague. A short while later the door opened and first the German chancellor and then Mr. Major emerged from the room and were whisked away by their respective staff. Neither acknowiedged Mr. Havel or Mr. Shevardnadze.

Children survive 3 weeks in mountains

BUENOS AIRES (R) - A

six-year-old Argentine boy

and his four-year-old sister

who were lost for three weeks in mountains roamed by pumas, deadly snakes and wild boar have been found alive after surviving by eating apples and drinking stream water, police said Monday. Daniel and Romina Quispe got lost in the province of Jujuy in Argentina's far north after going out to look for their parents who had failed to return from tending their flocks. The children wandered 100 kilometres through Jujuy's subtropical mountains inhabited by wild animals and snakes before taking shelter in a ruined hut, where they were found Sunday so dehydrated and hungry that Romina could not walk. "Apples were the only tasty" food there was, so we are them all day." Daniel told his rescuers. Sometimes we were still hungry, but there wasn't much to eat among all the plants." Police in the regional capital San Salvador. De Jujuy told Reuters the two children were treated at & ... remote rural health centre, then faced a gruelling muleride out of the mountains and were being driven to a chardren's hospital in the city. Assistant Police Chief Raul Aizama told reporters in Jujuy that the members of the 50-man search party had re-

Queen Elizabeth approves oil drilling at castle

found the children

fused to be relieved until they

LONDON (R) - Britain's Queen Elizabeth has given-the go-ahead to allow drilling for oil in the grounds of Windsor Castle near London, Buckingham Palace said. Tuesday. "Permission for exploration to take place is required because it is crown estate land, and that was given," said a palace spokesman. The Guardian news paper reported that the Britis ish-based company behind the project, Canuk Exploration Ltd. had calculated there, could be up to 100 million barrels of oil worth about \$15 billion (\$1.56 billion) in an area near the walls of the Norman Castle, But Britain Press Association news agen-cy quoted unidentified of perts as saying there was only a one in eight chance of striking commercial quantities of oil or gas at the side.

backwards to accommodate friend and foe alike to see a just and lasting peace in our troubled region." Now, six years later, we can affirm that, on this long road to peace, progress has been made that would then have been unimaginable. The recent peace agreement concluded by your country has made a great impression in the Netherlands, as elsewhere, and has aroused fresh hope that the "just and lasting peace" has now indeed come within reach. The pictures of your impressive appearance in Israel which we have recently seen on television speak for themselves. It is clear, therefore,

to my husband and me that our visit to Jordan takes place at an historic moment. We know Jordan as a land that has risen out of the fluctuating history of this century. You, Your Majesty. have to a large extent written the history of your country. The peace agreement that has now been concluded is the crown on your work, on

ferences and preventing conflicts that you have always pursued, with much personal courage and vision. With this policy you have proved yourself capable of bearing the heavy responsibility that was laid up on your shoulders at an early age. All over the world you are respected for the way in which, throughout your long reign, you have succeeded in making Jordan

heralds cooperation, prosperity

land of conciliation. The agreement now concluded implies more than the prospect of a future without armed conflict. It also opens the way to cooperation in the region as a new source of development and prosperity. With the falling away of hindrances that have so long existed here, Jordan and her neighbouring countries will be able to enter a new period of growth, with a large-scale prognme of economic cooperation. The damage that war conditions have inflicted on the Jordanian economy in the recent past, can now, one would hope, soon be

repaired.
This economic recovery will also have an important impact on the way you continue to handle the refugee problem. For many years your country has hospitably received large numbers of refugees. In so doing Jordan has further strengthened the constructive role it plays in the re-gion by adding to it an important humanitarian dimension. The world was able to observe with admiration how the Jordanian people received vast numbers of refugees who poured in during the Gulf conflict. This involved

great efforts by everyone and was done efficiently and with dignity.
Jordan, Your Majesty, is the guardian of a rich heritage from a distant past. These treasures handed down by history are world famous. In the Netherlands there exists a lively interest in this aspect of your country, both among those who visit the archaeological treasures here out of personal interest, and among the experts who give concrete expression to the scientific collaboration that exists in this field between our two countries. Archaeologists from your Yar-mouk University and our Uni-versity of Leiden are together studying the important civilisa-tions that have succeeded one another in this region. Each of the great periods of your history Assyrian, Egyptian, ancient Arabian, Greek, Roman, Byzan-

tine, Biblical and early Islamic has left its marks here and set its particular stamp on what has eventually become the Jordan of today. It is characteristic of the Jordanian people that they proudly cherish and preserve this gift from the past. With this rich historical legacy young Jordan is also — as the poet puts it — "half as old as time."

the three great monotheistic religions that modern Jordan has been built. Widely differing population groups live together here in a multiform democracy, in which the diversity of the people can find expression. The wealth of present-day Jordan is her inhabitants themselves. Your high standard of education has enabled them to reach impressive achievements in the social and economic fields in recent years. The image that the outside world now has of Jordan is that of a tolerant society that is open to the world and is determined to

swift development of the coun-

Where the presence of the desert predominates, water is precious. That is indeed the case in your country. Nature has given you the River Jordan, but has left it to the Jordanians to make the best possible use of it.

It will be particularly interesting for my husband and me to be briefed tomorrow (Wednesday) on how in the Jordan Valley water is carefully managed and put at the service of the development of agriculture in that area. We are also pleased that we shall visit the Royal Institute of Science, and learn more about the way in which Jordan is attempting to push back parts of the desert and to develop dry regions. The greenhouses that have been built in the Jordan Valley remind us of our own country, where market-gardening also constitutes a mainstay of agriculture. There are indeed more contrasts than idarities between our countries in this domain: while you country needs every drop of water it has and possesses sunshine in abundance, we sometimes

but seldom enough sun. Your Majesty,

Recently an interview with Queen Noor was shown on Dutch television. She talked about work in the area of nature conservation and about the Foundation that bears her name, in which she herself plays such an active part. By way of illustration, the programme included pictures of our visit to Jordan in 1978. These showed clearly that my husband and I were then somewhat younger than we are now. But Jordan was younger too. What has been achieved in Jordan in the meantime is, in our eyes, the theme of this visit.

Grateful for the reception that has been prepared for us here entirely in the tradition of Jor-dan's well-known hospitality — I ask all of you present to raise your glasses with me and drink to your health, to the health of Queen Noor, to the friendship between our families, to the continuation of the peace process and to the happy future of the Jordanian people in a lasting